Access DB# 7/0 72/

SEARCH REQUEST FORM

Scientific and Technical Information Center

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Us o SE	3-	Examiner # : B	136 Date: 9	7/30/02	
Requester's Full Name: WART One Nu	imber 30 5 - 555	C Sarial Numb	er: 09/95	J. 7.72.	
Mail Box and Bldg/Room Location:		ults Format Preferre	ed (circle): PAPER	DISK E-MAIL	
If more than one search is submitted, please prioritize searches in order of need.					
me the second of	week tonic and describe	as specifically as possi	ble the subject matter	to be searched.	
Please provide a detailed statement of the a Include the elected species or structures, ke utility of the invention. Define any terms the known. Please attach a copy of the cover sh	ywords, synohyms, acro 1at may have a special m	nyms, and registry num neaning. Give examples			
Title of Invention:					
Inventors (please provide full names):					
Earliest Priority Filing Date:					
*For Sequence Searches Only * Please include	-ti		t or issued natent numbe	ers) along with the	
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STAFF USE ONLY	Type of Search		and cost where appli	cable	
Searcher	NA Sequence (#)	STN	319.10		
Searcher Phone #:	AA Sequence (#)	Dialog			
Searcher Location:	Structure (#)	Questel/Orbit			
Date Searcher Picked Up.	Bibliographic	Dr.Link			
Date Completed: 10 - 1-02	Litigation	Lexis/Nexis			
65	Fulltext	Sequence Systems			
Searcher Prep & Review Time:	Patent Family	www/Internet			
Clerical Prep Time:	Other	Other (specify)			
Online Time:	VIII -				

PTO-1590 (8-01)

EIC1700

Search Results Feedback Form (Optional)



The search results generated for your recent request are attached. If you have any questions or comments (compliments or complaints) about the scope or the results of the search, please contact the EIC searcher who conducted the search or contact:

Kathleen Fuller, Team Leader, 308-4290, CP3/4 3D62

Voluntary Results Feedback Form			
> I am an examiner in Workgroup: Example: 1713			
> Relevant prior art found, search results used as follows:			
102 rejection			
103 rejection			
Cited as being of interest.			
Helped examiner better understand the invention.			
Helped examiner better understand the state of the art in their technology.			
Types of relevant prior art found:			
Foreign Patent(s)			
Non-Patent Literature (journal articles, conference proceedings, new product announcements etc.)			
Relevant prior art not found:			
Results verified the lack of relevant prior art (helped determine patentability).			
Search results were not useful in determining patentability or understanding the invention.			
Other Comments:			
Drop off completed forms in CP3/4 - 3D62.			

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Frank C. Turner 39,863
Attorney making application Reg No.
Sinnature of Attorney making application

C white's

Case 6009RXD

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Examiner:

In re application of Trinh, et al. ::

Serial No. :: Group Art Unit: 1755

Filed
Confirmation No.

For CONCENTRATED, STABLE

FABRIC SOFTENING

COMPOSITION

PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT

Commissioner for Patents Washington, D.C. 20231

Dear Sir:

<u>Before computing the fees</u> for entering the captioned Divisional Application, please enter the following amendment.

IN THE SPECIFICATION

Page 1, line 15, please insert -

____This__is_a_Divisional_Patent_Application_of_Patent_Application_Serial_No._

08/983,542, filed September 25, 1998, which is pending. --

pow us 6,323, 172.

A. Green

IN THE CLAIMS

Please cancel claims 1-123 without prejudice.
Please add new claims 124-145 as follows.

JALOT

1/14/02

124. Principal solvent selected from the group consisting of:

A. compound selected from the group consisting of 1,2-butanediol, 2,3,3-trimethyl-;

3,4-pentanediol, 2,3-dimethyl-, 2,3-hexanediol, 4-methyl-, 2,3-hexanediol, 5-

methyl-; 3,4-hexanediol, 2-methyl-; 1,2-butanediol, 2,3,3-trimethyl-;

pentanediol, 2.3-dimethyl-; 1,3-propanediol, 2-(1,1-dimethylpropyl)-; 1.3-

propanediol, 2-(1,2-dimethylpropyl)-; 1,3-propanediol, 2-(2,2-dimethylpropyl)-; 1,3-butanediol, 2-(1-methylpropyl)-; 1,3-butanediol, 2-ethyl-2,3-dimethyl-; 1,3butanediol, 2-(2-methylpropyl)-; 1,3-butanediol, 2-methyl-2-isopropyl-; 1,3butanediol, 3-methyl-2-isopropyl-; 1,3-butanediol. 3-methyl-2-propyl-: 1.4butanediol, 2.2-diethyl-: 1.4-butanediol, 2-methyl-2-propyl-; 1,4-butanediol, 2-(1methylpropyl)-: 1.4-butanediol, 2-ethyl-2,3-dimethyl-; 1,4-butanediol, 2-ethyl-3,3dimethyl-; 1,4-butanediol, 2-(2-methylpropyl)-; 1,4-pentanediol, 2,2,3-trimethyl-; 2,2,3-trimethyl-; 1,4-pentanediol, 2,3,3-trimethyl-; 1.5-pentanediol. pentanediol, 2,3,3-trimethyl-; 1,3-pentanediol, 2-ethyl-2-methyl-; 1,4-pentanediol, 2-ethyl-2-methyl-; 1,4-pentanediol, 2-ethyl-3-methyl-; 1,4-pentanediol, 2-ethyl-4methyl-; 1.4-pentanediol, 3-ethyl-2-methyl-; 1,4-pentanediol, 3-ethyl-3-methyl-; 1.5-pentanediol, 2-ethyl-2-methyl-; 1,5-pentanediol, 2-ethyl-4-methyl-; 2,4pentanediol, 3-ethyl-2-methyl-; 1,3-pentanediol, 2-isopropyl-; 1,3-pentanediol, 2propyl-; 1,4-pentanediol, 2-isopropyl-; 1,4-pentanediol, 2-propyl-; 1,4-pentanediol, 3-isopropyl-; 2,4-pentanediol, 3-propyl-; 1,3-hexanediol, 2,3-dimethyl-; 1,3hexanediol, 2.5-dimethyl-; 1.3-hexanediol, 3,4-dimethyl-; 1,3-hexanediol, 3,5dimethyl-; 1,3-hexanediol, 4,5-dimethyl-; 1,4-hexanediol, 2,2-dimethyl-; 1,4hexanediol, 2,3-dimethyl-; 1,4-hexanediol, 2,4-dimethyl-; 1,4-hexanediol, 3,3dimethyl-: 1.4-hexanediol, 3.4-dimethyl-; 1.4-hexanediol, 3.5-dimethyl-; 1,3hexanediol, 4,4-dimethyl-; 1,4-hexanediol, 4,5-dimethyl-; 1,5-hexanediol. 2.2dimethyl-; 1,5-hexanediol, 3,4-dimethyl-; 1,5-hexanediol, 3,5-dimethyl-; 1,5hexanediol, 4,5-dimethyl-; 1,6-hexanediol, 2,3-dimethyl-; 1,6-hexanediol, 2,4dimethyl-; 1,6-hexanediol, 3,3-dimethyl-; 2,4-hexanediol, 4,5-dimethyl-; 2,5hexanediol, 2,3-dimethyl-; 2,5-hexanediol, 2,4-dimethyl-; 2,5-hexanediol, 3,3-

dimethyl-; 2,6-hexanediol, 3,3-dimethyl-; 1,3-hexanediol, 4-ethyl-; 2,4-hexanediol, 3-ethyl-; 2,5-hexanediol, 3-ethyl-; 1,3-heptanediol, 4-methyl-; 1,3-heptanediol, 5methyl-; 1,3-heptanediol, 6-methyl-; 1,5-heptanediol, 3-methyl-; 1,5-heptanediol, 4-methyl-; 1,6-heptanediol, 3-methyl-; 1,6-heptanediol, 5-methyl-; 2,4heptanediol, 5-methyl-; 2,5-heptanediol, 3-methyl-; 3,5-heptanediol, 2-methyl-;

2.6-octanediol: 2.4-hexanediol: 3.3.4-trimethyl-; 2,4-hexanediol: 3,5,5-trimethyl-; 2.4-hexanediol, 4.5.5-trimethyl-; 2.5-hexanediol, 3.3,4-trimethyl-; 2,5-hexanediol,

3,3,5-trimethyl-;

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=> file reg
FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 13:45:14 ON 01 OCT 2002
USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.
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TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH MAY 20, 2002

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

Crossover limits have been increased. See HELP CROSSOVER for details.

Experimental and calculated property data are now available. See HELP PROPERTIES for more information. See STNote 27, Searching Properties in the CAS Registry File, for complete details: http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/STN/STNOTES/stnotes27.pdf

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(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 12:52:17 ON 01 OCT 2002)
FILE 'LREGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:53:27 ON 01 OCT 2002

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STR
L1
                 STR
L2
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L6
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 13:27:32 ON 01 OCT 2002
                 E C7H16O2/MF
L7
               0 S L1
               3 S L1 FAM FUL
L8
               0 S L2 FAM
L9
                 SAV L8 HAR772A/A
              11 S L2 FAM FUL
L10
                 SAV L10 HAR772B/A
               0 S L3 FAM
1.11
               1 S L3 FAM FUL
L12
                 SAV L10 HAR772C/A
               0 S L4 FAM
L13
               1 S L4 FAM FUL
L14
                 DEL HAR772C/A
                 SAV L12 HAR772C/A
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SAV L14 HAR772D/A

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0 S L5 FAM
L15
              3 S L5 FAM FUL
L16
               SAV L16 HAR722E/A
              0 S L6 FAM
L17
L18
              3 S L6 FAM FUL
                SAV L18 HAR772F/A
     FILE 'CAOLD' ENTERED AT 13:38:22 ON 01 OCT 2002
              0 S L8
L19
              0 S L10
L20
L21
              0 S L12
L22
              0 S L14
L23
              3 S L16
             0 S L18
L24
    FILE 'ZCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 13:39:10 ON 01 OCT 2002
             7 S L8
L25
              9 S L10
L26
L27
              5 S L12
L28
             5 S L14
L29
             11 S L16
              7 S L18
L30
                DEL HAR722E/A
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 13:44:52 ON 01 OCT 2002
               SAV L16 HAR772E/A
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 13:45:14 ON 01 OCT 2002
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L1
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H3C-\CH-\C\CH-\CH3
 1 2
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NODE ATTRIBUTES:
DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED
GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:
RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED
NUMBER OF NODES IS 9
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3 SEA FILE=REGISTRY FAM FUL L1

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L8

100.0% PROCESSED 2448 ITERATIONS SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

3 ANSWERS

=> d l10 que stat L2

8

OH H3C-V CHV CHV CH2V CH3 3 \ 5 6 1 CH3 OH 7

NODE ATTRIBUTES: DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES: RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED NUMBER OF NODES IS 9

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE 11 SEA FILE=REGISTRY FAM FUL L2 L10

100.0% PROCESSED 6038 ITERATIONS SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

11 ANSWERS

=> d l12 que stat STR L3 8

OH H3C-\(^\) CH\(^\) CH\(^\) CH2\(^\) CH\(^\) CH3 1 3 4 \$ 6 CH3 OH 7

NODE ATTRIBUTES: DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES: RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED NUMBER OF NODES IS 9

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE L12 1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY FAM FUL L3

100.0% PROCESSED 6038 ITERATIONS SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01 1 ANSWERS

=> d l14 que stat
STR

7 9
CH3 OH
3 |
H3C \ CH \ CH \ CH \ CH \ CH2 \ CH3
1 2 | 4 5 6
OH
8

NODE ATTRIBUTES: DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:
RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED
NUMBER OF NODES IS 9

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE L14 1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY FAM FUL L4

100.0% PROCESSED 6447 ITERATIONS SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01 1 ANSWERS

=> d 116 que stat L5 STR 6 8 OH CH3 | 2 3 1 CH2 C C C CH3 OH CH3 CH3

NODE ATTRIBUTES:
DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED NUMBER OF NODES IS 9

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

3 SEA FILE=REGISTRY FAM FUL L5

100.0% PROCESSED 1006 ITERATIONS 3 ANSWERS SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

=> d l18 que stat L6 STR

NODE ATTRIBUTES: DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES: RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED NUMBER OF NODES IS 9

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE 3 SEA FILE=REGISTRY FAM FUL L6 L18

100.0% PROCESSED 2448 ITERATIONS SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

3 ANSWERS

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=> d 125 1-7 cbib abs hitstr hitrn

L25 ANSWER 1 OF 7 ZCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
2002:271975 Document No. 136:296571 Concentrated, water dispersible, stable, fabric softening compositions. Trinh, Toan; Tordil, Helen Bernardo; Wahl, Errol Hoffman; Rinker, Jennifer Lea; Demeyere, Hugo Jean Marie; Declercq, Marc Johan; Gosselink, Eugene Paul; Letton, James Carey; Back, Deborah Jean; Severns, John Cort; Sivik, Mark Robert; Vogel, Alice Marie (The Procter & Gamble Company, USA). U.S. US 6369025 B1 20020409, 43 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 638,024. (English). CODEN: USXXAM. APPLICATION: US 1998-983544 19980427. PRIORITY: US 1995-PV1057 19950711; US 1996-621019 19960322; US 1996-638024 19960426; WO 1996-US11580 19960711.

AB An aq., concd., stable, translucent, or preferably, clear, rinse added liq. fabric softening compn. provided excellent H20

AB An aq., Conicu., Stable, translation, added liq. Stabric softening compn. provided excellent H2O addispersibility in rinse H2O, and comprises a fabric softening active and <40% principal solvent having a ClogP. apprx. 0.15-0.64, and an asym. structure. Also, the compn. may contain <10% solvent selected from EtOH, isopropanol, propylene glycol, 1,3-propanediol, propylene carbonate, and mixts. In order to achieve excellent H2O dispersibility, the molar ratio of a principal solvent of a fabric softening active should be .gtoreq.3, preferably .apprx.3.6-100.

(concd., water dispersible, stable, fabric softening compns.)

RN 187727-33-9 ZCAPLUS CN 2,3-Pentanediol, 3,4-dimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 187727-33-9

(concd., water dispersible, stable, fabric softening compns.)

ANSWER 2 OF 7 ZCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS L25 Document No. 135:373284 Concentrated, stable clear fabric softening composition. Trinh, Toan; Tordil, Helen Bernardo; Wahl, Errol Hoffman; Rinker, Jennifer Lea; Demeyere, Hugo Jean Marie; Declercq, Marc Johan; Gosselink, Eugene Paul; Letton, James Carev; Back, Deborah Jean; Severns, John Cort; Sivik, Mark Robert; Vogel, Alice Marie (The Procter & Gamble Company, USA). U.S. US 6323172 B1 20011127, 126 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 621,019, abandoned. (English). CODEN: USXXAM. APPLICATION: US 1998-983542 PRIORITY: US 1996-621019 19960322; US 1996-620767 19980925. 19960322; US 1996-620627 19960322; US 1996-620513 19960322; US 1996-621285 19960322; US 1996-621299 19960322; US 1996-621298 19960322; US 1996-620626 19960322; US 1996-620625 19960322; US 1996-620772 19960322; US 1996-621281 19960322; US 1996-620514 19960322; US 1996-620958 19960322; WO 1996-US11556 19960711. The title fabric softener contains 2-80% actives that are either AB unsatd., or have intermediate length chains (C12-14) e.g. N, N-di(cocooyloxyethyl) - N, N-dimethylammonium chloride, and principal solvents (.ltorsim 40%), esp. mono-ol and diol principal solvents, having a ClogP .apprx.0.15-0.64, preferably .apprx.0.25-0.62, and more preferably .apprx.0.40-0.60, which are not sym., optionally low mol. wt. water-sol. solvents, and optionally water-sol. Ca and/or Mg salts, and the balance water. An example clear liq. softener contained N, N-di(cocoyloxyethyl)-N, N-dimethylammonium chloride 27.5, EtOH 5.1, 1,2-hexanediol 16%, HCl 0.005, Kathon 3 ppm, and the balance water.

187727-33-9, 2,3-Pentanediol, 3,4-dimethyl-(concn. aq. clear liq. fabric softening compn. contg.) 187727-33-9 ZCAPLUS 2,3-Pentanediol, 3,4-dimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT

RN

CN

- 187727-33-9, 2,3-Pentanediol, 3,4-dimethyl-TT (concn. aq. clear liq. fabric softening compn. contg.)
- L25 ANSWER 3 OF 7 ZCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS 1998:268582 Document No. 128:323167 Concentrated aqueous clear liquid fabric softening composition. Wahl, Errol Hoffman; Trinh, Toan; Oler, Chad James (Procter & Gamble Co., USA; Wahl, Errol Hoffman; Trinh, Toan; Oler, Chad James). PCT Int. Appl. WO 9817756 A1 19980430, 153 pp. DESIGNATED STATES: W: BR, CA, CN, JP, MX, US. (English). CODEN: PIXXD2. APPLICATION: WO 1997-US18932 19971021. PRIORITY: US 1996-28904 19961021.
- Principal solvents, esp. mono-ol and diol principal solvents, having AB a ClogP .apprx.0.15-0.64, preferably .apprx.0.25-0.62, and more preferably .apprx.0.40-0.60, have the ability to make clear aq. fabric softener compns. contg. relatively high concns. of fabric softener actives having highly unsatd. hydrocarbon moieties or branched chains in 2 long-chain hydrophobic groups with specific cis/trans ratios and having long chain hydrocarbon groups with an iodine value .apprx.70-140 for the unsatd. groups corresponding to fatty acids with the same no. of carbons and the same configuration. The title compn. contains .ltorsim.40% solvents and 2-80% fabric softener actives, prepd. in the presence of chelating agent and/or antioxidant with reduced coloration and malodor. Premixes of the fabric softening actives, the principal solvents, and, optionally, other solvents are a preferred means of adding actives to complete formulations.
- 187727-33-9, 2,3-Pentanediol, 3,4-dimethyl-IT (concd. aq. clear liq. fabric softening compn. with reduced malodor and coloration)
- 187727-33-9 ZCAPLUS RN -
- 2,3-Pentanediol, 3,4-dimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

- 187727-33-9, 2,3-Pentanediol, 3,4-dimethyl-IT (concd. aq. clear liq. fabric softening compn. with reduced malodor and coloration)
- L25 ANSWER 4 OF 7 ZCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS Document No. 126:213656 Concentrated, water dispersible, stable, fabric softening compositions. Trinh, Toan; Tordil, Helen Bernardo; Wahl, Errol Hoffman; Rinker, Jennifer Lea; Demeyere, Hugo 1997:224021 Jean-Marie; Declercq, Marc Johan; Gosselink, Eugene Paul; Letton, James Carey; Back, Deborah Jean; Severns, John Cort; Sivik, Mark Robert; Vogel, Alice Marie; Rungta, Kamal Kumar; Sudarsana, Borra;

Okamoto, Mitsuyo; et al. (Procter and Gamble Company, USA; Trinh, Toan; Tordil, Helen Bernardo; Wahl, Errol, Hoffman; Rinker, Jennifer, Lea; Demeyere, Hugo, Jean-Marie; Declercq, Marc, Johan; Gosselink, Eugene, Paul). PCT Int. Appl. WO 9703170 Al 19970130, 111 pp. DESIGNATED STATES: W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IL, IS, JF, KE, KG, KF, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, KP, KR, KZ, LK, ER, LS, ST, CB, EB, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CH, CI, CM, PI, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG; RW: AT, BE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CH, CI, CM, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GA, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE. (English). CODEN: PIXXD2. APPLICATION: WO 1996-US11580 19960711. PRIORITY: US 1995-1057 19950711; US 1996-631019 19960322; US 1996-638024 19960426.

1996-648024 19960426.

AB The title aq., concd., stable, translucent, or preferably, clear, rinse added liq. fabric softening compns. which provide excellent water dispersibility in rinse water comprise a quaternary ammonium fabric softening active and a principal solvent of mainly diols or derivs. and mixts. thereof. To achieve the main object of excellent water dispersibility, the molar ratio of a principal solvent to a fabric softening active should be not less than 3, preferably from about 3.6-100, e.g., 1,2-hexanediol and dimethyldioleylammonium chloride in 25.8:1 molar ratio, showing a homogeneous soln. in 50% diln. in cold water.

IT 187727-33-9 (concd., water dispersible, stable, fabric softening compns.)

RN 187727-33-9 ZCAPLUS CN 2,3-Pentanediol, 3,4-dimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

TT 187727-33-9

(concd., water dispersible, stable, fabric softening compns.)

L25 ANSWER 5 OF 7 ZCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
1997:215734 Document No. 126:200646 Solvents for concentrated, stable
fabric softening composition. Trinh, Toan; Tordil, Helen Bernardo;
fabric softening composition. Trinh, Toan; Tordil, Helen Bernardo;
Wahl, Errol Hoffman; Rinker, Jennifer Lea; Vogel, Alice Marie;
Demeyere, Hugo Jean Marie; Declercq, Marc Johan; Gosselink, Eugene
Paul; Letton, James Carey; Back, Deborah Jean; Severns, John Cort;
Sivik, Mark Robert (Procter and Gamble Company, USA; Trinh, Toan;
Tordil, Helen Bernardo; Wahl, Errol Hoffman; Rinker, Jennifer Lea;
Vogel, Alice Marie; Demeyere, Hugo Jean Marie; Declercq, Marc Johan;
Gosselink, Eugene Paul; et al.). PCT Int. Appl. W0 9703169 Al
19970130, 277 pp. DESIGNATED STATES: W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BB,
BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IL, IS,
JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW,
MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG; RW: AT, BE, BF, BJ, CF, CG,

CH, CI, CM, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GA, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE. (English). CODEN: PIXXD2. APPLICATION: WO 1996-US11556 19960711. PRIORITY: US 1995-1057 19950711; US 1996-621019 19960322.

AB Principal solvents, esp. monools and diols, having a ClogP (calcd. logP, where P is the octanol-water partition coeff. of the substance) of 0.15-0.64, have the ability to make clear aq. fabric softener compns. contg. relatively high concns. of fabric softener actives having ester linkages in their long, hydrophobic chains. The fabric softener actives are either unsatd., or have intermediate length chains (.apprx.Cl2-14) and the principal solvents are used at levels of less than about 40 %. Other solvents may be present. Some of the principal solvents are novel compds. and/or novel mixts. Premixes of the fabric softening actives, the principal solvents, and, optionally, other solvents are useful in the prepn. of complete formulation by obviating/limiting the need for heating.

IT 187727-33-9 (solvents for concd., stable fabric softening compn.)
RN 187727-33-9 ZCAPLUS
CN 2,3-Pentanediol, 3,4-dimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 187727-33-9

(solvents for concd., stable fabric softening compn.)

L25 ANSWER 6 OF 7 ZCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
1993:560002 Document No. 119:160002 Direct epoxy hydroxylation of
hydroperoxy homoallylic alcohols: multidentate oxygen donor and
hydroperoxy homoallylic alcohols: multidentate oxygen donor and
oxygen acceptor substrates in titanium(IV)-catalyzed epoxidations.
Adam, Waldemar; Nestler, Bernd (Inst. Org. Chem., Univ. Wuerzburg,
Wuerzburg, D-8700, Germany). Journal of the American Chemical
Society, 115(16), 7226-31 (English) 1993. CODEN: JACSAT. ISSN:
0002-7863.

GI

$$^{\circ}_{R^{1}}$$
 $^{\circ}_{CR^{3} (OH) CH (OH) Me}$ III

AB The hydroperoxy homoallylic alcs. (R*,S*)-CH2:CMeCH(OOH)CH(OH)Me and (S*,S*)-R1CH:CR2CR3(OOH)CH(OH)Me (I; R1 = H, Bu; R2, R3 = H, Me), readily available through the photooxygenation of chiral allylic

alcs. R1CH2CR2:CR3CH(OH)Me (II), were converted to epoxy diols (III) under the catalytic action of Ti(OCHMe2)4. In these epoxy hydroxylations, the hydroperoxides play a double role as oxygen atom donor and, in the form of the in situ generated corresponding unsatd. diols (IV), as substrate for oxygen transfer. Compared to Ti(IV)-catalyzed epoxidns. of unsatd. diols by tert-BuOOH, the advantage of this approach is that a large rate enhancement is obtained. Moreover, with the exception of I (R1 = R2 = H, R3 = Me), all reactions proceeded with unusually high diastereoselectivity. These results are rationalized in terms of the ability of the hydroxy-functionalized hydroperoxides (oxygen atom donors) as well as IV (oxygen atom acceptors) to chelate to the titanium metal in the catalytically operating template. For some IV bidentate binding is feasible, while for other IV this is difficult due to unfavorable steric interactions. Important for synthetic applications is the fact that II can be directly converted to III in a one-pot, two-step procedure simply by adding catalytic amts. of Ti(OCHMe2)4 to a photooxygenated soln. of II. 150129-17-2

(reaction of, with titanium tetra-tert-butoxide)

RN 150129-17-2 TT 150129-17-2

IT

RN

CN

(reaction of, with titanium tetra-tert-butoxide)

L25 ANSWER 7 OF 7 ZCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
1973:97026 Document No. 78:97026 Stereoselectivity in the reduction of
aliphatic alpha. ketols with aluminum hydride reagents.
Atzenellenbogen, John A.; Bowlus, Stephen B. (Dep. Chem., Univ.
Illinois, Jürbana) Ill., USA). J. Org. Chem., 38(4), 627-32
(English) 1973 CODEN: JOCEAH.

AB Redn. of apha. ketols with different patterns of substitution and size of substituents was investigated using 7 Al hydride and size of substituents was investigated using 7 Al hydride reagents. The ratio of diastereomeric diols produced was detd. by 220 MHz NNR anal. In each case the predominant diol was the one predicted by Cram's cyclic model. The degree of stereoselectivity correlates well with alpha.ketol structure with only 1 reagent (triisobutylaluminum). With the other (agglomerated) reagents, selectivity is related only in an irregular manner to .alpha.ketol structure.

IT 37164-04-8P 37164-05-9P

(prepn. and configuration of, NMR in relation to) 37164-04-8 ZCAPLUS 2,3-Pentanediol, 3,4-dimethyl-, (R*,S*)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

RN 37164-05-9 ZCAPLUS CN 2,3-Pentanediol, 3,4-dimethyl-, (R*,R*)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

IT 37164-04-8P 37164-05-9P (prepn. and configuration of, NMR in relation to)

=> d 126 1-9 cbib abs hitstr hitrn

L26 ANSWER 1 OF 9 ZCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS 2002:271975 Document No. 136:296571 Concentrated, water dispersible, stable, fabric softening compositions. Trinh, Toan; Tordil, Helen Bernardo; Wahl, Errol Hoffman; Rinker, Jennifer Lea; Demeyere, Hugo Jean Marie; Declercq, Marc Johan; Gosselink, Eugene Paul; Letton, James Carey; Back, Deborah Jean; Severns, John Cort; Sivik, Mark Robert; Vogel, Alice Marie (The Procter & Gamble Company, USA). U.S. US 6369025 B1 20020409, 43 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. (English). CODEN: USXXAM. APPLICATION: US 1998-983544 638,024. PRIORITY: US 1995-PV1057 19950711; US 1996-621019 19980427. 19960322; US 1996-638024 19960426; WO 1996-US11580 19960711. An aq., concd., stable, translucent, or preferably, clear, rinse AB added liq. fabric softening compn. provided excellent H20 dispersibility in rinse H2O, and comprises a fabric softening active and <40% principal solvent having a ClogP .apprx.0.15-0.64, and an asym. structure. Also, the compn. may contain <10% solvent selected from EtOH, isopropanol, propylene glycol, 1,3-propanediol, propylene carbonate, and mixts. In order to achieve excellent H2O dispersibility, the molar ratio of a principal solvent of a fabric softening active should be .gtoreq.3, preferably .apprx.3.6-100. 187727-35-1 IT (concd., water dispersible, stable, fabric softening compns.)

2,3-Hexanediol, 4-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

он он ме Me-CH-CH-CH-Et

RN

CN

187727-35-1 ZCAPLUS

187727-35-1 IT

(concd., water dispersible, stable, fabric softening compns.)

L26 ANSWER 2 OF 9 ZCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS Document No. 135:373284 Concentrated, stable clear fabric softening composition. Trinh, Toan; Tordil, Helen Bernardo, Wahl, Errol Hoffman; Rinker, Jennifer Lea; Demeyere, Hugo Jean Marie; Declercq, Marc Johan; Gosselink, Eugene Paul; Letton, James Carey; Back, Deborah Jean; Severns, John Cort; Sivik, Mark Robert; Vogel, Alice Marie (The Procter & Gamble Company, USA). U.S. US 6323172 B1 20011127, 126 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 621,019, (English). CODEN: USXXAM. APPLICATION: US 1998-983542 abandoned. PRIORITY: US 1996-621019 19960322; US 1996-620767 19960322; US 1996-620627 19960322; US 1996-620513 19960322; US 1996-621285 19960322; US 1996-621299 19960322; US 1996-621298 19960322; US 1996-620626 19960322; US 1996-620625 19960322; US 1996-620772 19960322; US 1996-621281 19960322; US 1996-620514 19960322; US 1996-620958 19960322; WO 1996-US11556 19960711. The title fabric softener contains 2-80% actives that are either AB

unsatd., or have intermediate length chains (C12-14) e.g. N,N-di(cocooyloxyethyl)-N,N-dimethylammonium chloride, and principal solvents (.ltorsim.40%), esp. mono-ol and diol principal solvents, having a ClogP .apprx.0.15-0.64, preferably .apprx.0.25-0.62, and more preferably .apprx.0.40-0.60, which are not sym., optionally low mol. wt. water-sol. solvents, and optionally water-sol. Ca and/or Mg salts, and the balance water. An example clear liq. softener contained N, N-di(cocoyloxyethyl) - N, N-dimethylammonium chloride 27.5, EtOH 5.1, 1,2-hexanediol 16%, HCl 0.005, Kathon 3 ppm, and the balance water.

187727-35-1, 2,3-Hexanediol, 4-methyl-IT

(concn. aq. clear liq. fabric softening compn. contg.)

187727-35-1 ZCAPLUS RN

2,3-Hexanediol, 4-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

он он Ме Me-CH-CH-CH-Et

CN

187727-35-1, 2,3-Hexanediol, 4-methyl-(concn. ag. clear liq. fabric softening compn. contg.)

ANSWER 3 OF 9 ZCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS L26 1998:268582 Document No. 128:323167 Concentrated aqueous clear liquid fabric softening composition. Wahl, Errol Hoffman; Trinh, Toan; Oler, Chad James (Procter & Gamble Co., USA; Wahl, Errol Hoffman; Trinh, Toan; Oler, Chad James). PCT Int. Appl. WO 9817756 A1 19980430, 153 pp. DESIGNATED STATES: W: BR, CA, CN, JP, MX, US. CODEN: PIXXD2. APPLICATION: WO 1997-US18932 19971021. PRIORITY: US 1996-28904 19961021.

Principal solvents, esp. mono-ol and diol principal solvents, having AB a ClogP .apprx.0.15-0.64, preferably .apprx.0.25-0.62, and more preferably apprx.0.40-0.60, have the ability to make clear ag. fabric softener compns. contg. relatively high concns. of fabric softener actives having highly unsatd. hydrocarbon moieties or branched chains in 2 long-chain hydrophobic groups with specific cis/trans ratios and having long chain hydrocarbon groups with an iodine value .apprx.70-140 for the unsatd. groups corresponding to fatty acids with the same no. of carbons and the same configuration. The title compn. contains .ltorsim.40% solvents and 2-80% fabric softener actives, prepd. in the presence of chelating agent and/or antioxidant with reduced coloration and malodor. Premixes of the fabric softening actives, the principal solvents, and, optionally, other solvents are a preferred means of adding actives to complete formulations.

187727-35-1, 2,3-Hexanediol, 4-methyl-IT

(concd. aq. clear liq. fabric softening compn. with reduced malodor and coloration)

187727-35-1 ZCAPLUS

RN 2,3-Hexanediol, 4-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

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он он ме
Me-CH-CH-CH-Et
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187727-35-1, 2,3-Hexanediol, 4-methyl-IT (concd. aq. clear liq. fabric softening compn. with reduced malodor and coloration)

ANSWER 4 OF 9 ZCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS Document No. 126:213656 Concentrated, water dispersible, 1997:224021 stable, fabric softening compositions. Trinh, Toan; Tordil, Helen Bernardo; Wahl, Errol Hoffman; Rinker, Jennifer Lea; Demeyere, Hugo Jean-Marie; Declercq, Marc Johan; Gosselink, Eugene Paul; Letton, James Carey; Back, Deborah Jean; Severns, John Cort; Sivik, Mark Robert; Vogel, Alice Marie; Rungta, Kamal Kumar; Sudarsana, Borra; Okamoto, Mitsuyo; et al. (Procter and Gamble Company, USA; Trinh, Toan; Tordil, Helen Bernardo; Wahl, Errol, Hoffman; Rinker, Jennifer, Lea; Demeyere, Hugo, Jean-Marie; Declercq, Marc, Johan; Gosselink, Eugene, Paul). PCT Int. Appl. WO 9703170 A1 19970130, 111 pp. DESIGNATED STATES: W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MM, MM, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SB, SG, RW, AT, BE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CH, CI, CM, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GA, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE. (English). CODEN: PIXXD2. APPLICATION: WO 1996-US11580 19960711. PRIORITY: US 1995-1057 19950711; US 1996-621019 19960322; US 1996-638024 19960426.

The title aq., concd., stable, translucent, or preferably, clear, AB rinse added liq. fabric softening compns. which provide excellent water dispersibility in rinse water comprise a quaternary ammonium fabric softening active and a principal solvent of mainly diols or derivs. and mixts. thereof. To achieve the main object of excellent water dispersibility, the molar ratio of a principal solvent to a fabric softening active should be not less than 3, preferably from about 3.6-100, e.g., 1,2-hexanediol and dimethyldioleylammonium chloride in 25.8:1 molar ratio, showing a homogeneous soln. in 50% diln. in cold water.

187727-35-1 IT

(concd., water dispersible, stable, fabric softening compns.) 187727-35-1 ZCAPLUS RN

2,3-Hexanediol, 4-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

187727-35-1 IT

(concd., water dispersible, stable, fabric softening compns.)

ANSWER 5 OF 9 ZCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS 1997:215734 Document No. 126:200646 Solvents for concentrated, stable fabric softening composition. Trinh, Toan; Tordil, Helen Bernardo; Wahl, Errol Hoffman; Rinker, Jennifer Lea; Vogel, Alice Marie; Demeyere, Hugo Jean Marie; Declercq, Marc Johan; Gosselink, Eugene Paul; Letton, James Carey; Back, Deborah Jean; Severns, John Cort; Sivik, Mark Robert (Procter and Gamble Company, USA; Trinh, Toan; Tordil, Helen Bernardo; Wahl, Errol Hoffman; Rinker, Jennifer Lea; Vogel, Alice Marie; Demeyere, Hugo Jean Marie; Declercq, Marc Johan; Gosselink, Eugene Paul; et al.). PCT Int. Appl. WO 9703169 A1 19970130, 277 pp. DESIGNATED STATES: W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG; RW: AT, BE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CH, CI, CM, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GA, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, (English). CODEN: PIXXD2. APPLICATION: WO 1996-US11556 19960711. PRIORITY: US 1995-1057 19950711; US 1996-621019 19960322. Principal solvents, esp. monools and diols, having a ClogP (calcd. AB logP, where P is the octanol-water partition coeff. of the substance) of 0.15-0.64, have the ability to make clear aq. fabric softener compns. contg. relatively high concns. of fabric softener actives having ester linkages in their long, hydrophobic chains. The fabric softener actives are either unsatd., or have intermediate length chains (.apprx.C12-14) and the principal solvents are used at levels of less than about 40 %. Other solvents may be present. Some of the principal solvents are novel compds. and/or novel mixts. Premixes of the fabric softening actives, the principal solvents, and, optionally, other solvents are useful in the prepn. of complete formulation by obviating/limiting the need for heating. 187727-35-1 IT

(solvents for concd., stable fabric softening compn.)
187727-35-1 ZCAPLUS

RN 187727-35-1 ZCAPLUS CN 2,3-Hexanediol, 4-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L26 ANSWER 6 OF 9 ZCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
1996:705636 Document No. 126:46787 Comparative Diastereoselectivity
Analysis of Crotylindium and 3-Bromoallylindium Additions to
alpha.-Oxy Aldehydes in Aqueous and Nonaqueous Solvent Systems.
Paquette, Leo A.; Mitzel, Thomas M. (Evans Chemical Laboratories,
Ohio State University, Columbus, OH, 43210, USA). Journal of
Organic Chemistry, 61(25), 8799-8804 (English) 1996. CODEN: JOCEAH.

ISSN: 0022-3263. OTHER SOURCES: CASREACT 126:46787. Publisher: American Chemical Society. The couplings of crotyl bromide (1) and 1,3-dibromopropene (2) to a triad of conformationally unrestricted .alpha.-oxy aldehydes in AB water, aq. THF (1:1), and anhyd. THF are described. In no example involving 1 was the formation of anti, syn product detected. The proportion of syn isomers reached a max. (syn/anti = 5.6:1) when the neighboring hydroxyl group was unprotected and water was the reaction medium. Although internal chelation also operates to some degree with 2, considerable erosion of this mechanistic pathway (max. now only 2:1) in favor of Felkin and "anti-Felkin" transition states is reflected in the product distributions. This trend can be synthetically advantageous, and a utilitarian example is demonstrated. The indium reagents studied here are notably

efficient nucleophilic reaction partners in water. 184897-19-6P 184897-21-0P (stereochem. of addn. of crotylindium and 3-bromoallylindium to IT .alpha.-oxy aldehydes in aq. and nonaq. solvent systems)

184897-19-6 ZCAPLUS 2,3-Hexanediol, 4-methyl-, (2R,3R)-rel-[partial]- (9CI) (CA INDEX RN CN NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

184897-21-0 ZCAPLUS 2,3-Hexanediol, 4-methyl-, (2R*,3S*,4S*)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) RN CN

Relative stereochemistry.

184897-19-6P 184897-21-0P TT

(stereochem. of addn. of crotylindium and 3-bromoallylindium to .alpha.-oxy aldehydes in aq. and nonaq. solvent systems)

L26 ANSWER 7 OF 9 ZCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS Document No. 118:168901 Enantio- and regioselectivity in the epoxide-hydrolase-catalyzed ring opening of aliphatic oxiranes: Part II: Dialkyl- and trialkyl-substituted oxiranes. Wistuba, D.; Traeger, O.; Schurig, V. (Inst. Org. Chem., Univ. Tuebingen, Tuebingen, Germany). Chirality, 4(3), 185-92 (English) 1992. CODEN: CHRLEP. ISSN: 0899-0042.

GΙ

The extent of substrate enantioselectivity and regioselectivity of a series of aliph. 2,3-dialkyl- and trialkylsubstituted oxiranes in AB their in vitro epoxide-hydrolase-catalyzed hydrolysis depends on the size of the alkyl residues and on the substitution pattern of the oxirane ring. The enzyme-catalyzed hydrolysis of cis-oxiranes I (R = Me, Et, sec-Bu), contg. at least one Me substituent, shows complete or nearly complete substrate enantioselectivity and regioselectivity with nucleophilic attack by water occurring with inversion of configuration at the methylsubstituted ring carbon atom of (S)-configuration. In the hydrolysis of the isomeric trans-oxiranes, both enantiomers are metabolized with a higher rate for the (2S;3S) enantiomer. The conversion of trimethyloxirane occurs with high substrate enantioselectivity in favor of the (S)-enantiomer and with complete regioselectivity at the monomethylsubstituted ring carbon atom. The differentiation of the enantiotopic ring carbon atoms (product enantioselectivity) in the smallest aliph. meso-oxirane, cis-2,3-dimethyloxirane, leads to (2R;3R)-butane-2,3-diol with ee = 86%. cis-2-Ethyl-3-propyloxirane, possessing alkyl residues larger than Me, represents an extremely poor substrate in the epoxide-hydrolase-catalyzed hydrolysis

process. 146452-48-4P 146452-49-5P 146452-50-8P TT 146452-51-9P

(prepn. of)

146452-48-4 ZCAPLUS 2,3-Hexanediol, 4-methyl-, [2R-(2R*,3R*,4S*)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX RN CN NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

2,3-Hexanediol, 4-methyl-, [2R-(2R*,3R*,4R*)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX 146452-49-5 ZCAPLUS RN CN

NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 146452-50-8 ZCAPLUS

CN 2,3-Hexanediol, 4-methyl-, [2S-(2R*,3R*,4S*)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 146452-51-9 ZCAPLUS

CN 2,3-Hexanediol, 4-methyl-, [2S-(2R*,3R*,4R*)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

1T 146452-48-4P 146452-49-5P 146452-50-8P 146452-51-9P

(prepn. of)

L26 ANSWER 8 OF 9 ZCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
1990:7655 Document No. 112:7655 Stereochemical aspects of the
 additions of anti-selective, crotyl organometallic reagents to
 .alpha.-alkoxy aldehydes. Martin, Stephen F.; Li, Wei (Dep. Chem.,
 Univ. Texas, Austin, TX, 78712, USA). J. Org. Chem., 54(26),
 6129-33 (English) 1989. CODEN: JOCEAH. ISSN: 0022-3263. OTHER
 SOURCES: CASREACT 112:7655.

GI

The nucleophilic addns. of a variety of anti-selective crotyl AB organometallic reagents MeCH: CHCH2M [M = Cp2TiCl (Cp = eta.5-cyclopentadienyl), Ti(OPh)3, Cp2ZrCl, CrCl, and CrCl2] to alpha. alkoxy aldehydes, MeCH(OR)CHO (R = PhCH2, PhCH2OCH2, Me2SiCMe3, MeOCH2CH2OCH2, Ph3C) were examd. to ascertain whether high levels of diastereoselectivity could be achieved via a chelation-controlled transition state. Although the anti-adducts I and II dominated (2 to >100:1) over the corresponding syn-adducts III and IV, the ratios of chelation controlled products I and III to the non-chelation controlled products II and IV varied from 0.8 to 1.8:1. 123807-31-8P 123807-32-9P 123807-33-0P

TT

123807-34-1P

(prepn. of) 123807-31-8 ZCAPLUS

RN 2,3-Hexanediol, 4-methyl-, (2R*,3R*,4R*)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

Relative stereochemistry.

123807-32-9 ZCAPLUS RN 123807-33-0 ZCAPLUS

2,3-Hexanediol, 4-methyl-, (2R*,3R*,4S*)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) RN CN

Relative stereochemistry.

RN 123807-34-1 ZCAPLUS CN 2,3-Hexanediol, 4-methyl-, (2R*,3S*,4R*)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

IT 123807-31-8P 123807-32-9P 123807-33-0P 123807-34-1P (prepn. of)

L26 ANSWER 9 OF 9 ZCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS 1987:18204 Document No. 106:18204 Total synthesis of neomethylnolide. Inanaga, Junji, Kawanami, Yasuhiro; Yamaguchi, Masaru (Fac. Sci., Kyushu Univ., Fukuoka, 812, Japan). Bull. Chem. Soc. Jpn., 59(5), 1521-8 (English) 1986. CODEN: BCSJAB. ISSN: 0009-2673. OTHER SOURCES: CASREACT 106:18204.

GI

AB (+)-Neomethynolide (I), the aglycon of, neomethymycin, was totally synthesized. The construction of the skeleton was carried out by condensing a stereoselectivity synthesized fragment,

4-(tert-butyldimethylsiloxy)-5-[(2-methoxyethoxy)methoxy]-3-methyl-1-hexyne, with Prelog-Djerassi lactonic ester, and the mixed anhydride method was used for the lactonization of an intermediate hydroxy acid. The full stereochem. of I was established by this synthesis. 105827-03-0P

IT (prepn. of) 105827-03-0 ZCAPLUS

RN CN

2,3-Hexanediol, 4-methyl-, [2S-(2R*,3S*,4R*)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

105827-03-0P IT (prepn. of) => d 127 1-5 cbib abs hitstr hitrn

L27 ANSWER 1 OF 5 ZCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
2002:271975 Document No. 136:296571 Concentrated, water dispersible, stable, fabric softening compositions. Trinh, Toan; Tordil, Helen Bernardo; Wahl, Errol Hoffman; Rinker, Jennifer Lea; Demeyere, Hugo Jean Marie; Declercq, Marc Johan; Gosselink, Eugene Paul; Letton, James Carey; Back, Deborah Jean; Severns, John Cort; Sivik, Mark Robert; Vogel, Alice Marie (The Procter & Gamble Company, USA). U.S. US 6369025 Bl 20020409, 43 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 638,024. (English). CODEN: USXXAM. APPLICATION: US 1998-983544 19980427. PRIORITY: US 1995-PV1057 19950711; US 1996-621019

AB An aq. concd., stable, translucent, or preferably, clear, rinse added liq. fabric softening compn. provided excellent H2O dispersibility in rinse H2O, and comprises a fabric softening active and <40% principal solvent having a ClogP .apprx.0.15-0.64, and an asym. structure. Also, the compn. may contain <10% solvent selected from EtOH, isopropanol, propylene glycol, 1,3-propanediol, propylene carbonate, and mixts. In order to achieve excellent H2O dispersibility, the molar ratio of a principal solvent of a fabric softening active should be .gtoreq.3, preferably .apprx.3.6-100.

TT 187727-38-4

(concd., water dispersible, stable, fabric softening compns.)
RN 187727-38-4 ZCAPLUS

CN 2,3-Hexanediol, 5-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

TT 187727-38-4

(concd., water dispersible, stable, fabric softening compns.)

ANSWER 2 OF 5 ZCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS Document No. 135:373284 Concentrated, stable clear fabric 2001:863494 softening composition. Trinh, Toan; Tordil, Helen Bernardo; Wahl, Errol Hoffman; Rinker, Jennifer Lea; Demeyere, Hugo Jean Marie; Declercq, Marc Johan; Gosselink, Eugene Paul; Letton, James Carey; Back, Deborah Jean; Severns, John Cort; Sivik, Mark Robert; Vogel, Alice Marie (The Procter & Gamble Company, USA). U.S. US 6323172 B1 20011127, 126 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 621,019, (English). CODEN: USXXAM. APPLICATION: US 1998-983542 abandoned. 19980925. PRIORITY: US 1996-621019 19960322; US 1996-620767 19960322; US 1996-620627 19960322; US 1996-620513 19960322; US 1996-621285 19960322; US 1996-621299 19960322; US 1996-621298 19960322; US 1996-620626 19960322; US 1996-620625 19960322; US 1996-620772 19960322; US 1996-621281 19960322; US 1996-620514 19960322; US 1996-620958 19960322; WO 1996-US11556 19960711. The title fabric softener contains 2-80% actives that are either AB

unsatd., or have intermediate length chains (C12-14) e.g. N,N-di(cocooyloxyethyl)-N,N-dimethylammonium chloride, and principal solvents (.ltorsim.40%), esp. mono-ol and diol principal solvents, having a ClogP .apprx.0.15-0.64, preferably .apprx.0.25-0.62, and more preferably .apprx.0.40-0.60, which are not sym., optionally low mol. wt. water-sol. solvents, and optionally water-sol. Ca and/or Mg salts, and the balance water. An example clear liq. softener contained N,N-di(cocoyloxyethyl)-N,N-dimethylammonium chloride 27.5, EtOH 5.1, 1,2-hexanediol 16%, HCl 0.005, Kathon 3 ppm, and the balance water.

187727-38-4, 2,3-Hexanediol, 5-methyl-IT

(concn. aq. clear liq. fabric softening compn. contg.)

187727-38-4 ZCAPLUS RN

2,3-Hexanediol, 5-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) $_{\rm CN}$

OH OH Me-CH-CH-Bu-i

IT

187727-38-4, 2,3-Hexanediol, 5-methyl-IT (concn. aq. clear liq. fabric softening compn. contg.)

L27 ANSWER 3 OF 5 ZCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS Document No. 128:323167 Concentrated aqueous clear liquid 1998:268582 fabric softening composition. Wahl, Errol Hoffman; Trinh, Toan; Oler, Chad James (Procter & Gamble Co., USA; Wahl, Errol Hoffman; Trinh, Toan; Oler, Chad James). PCT Int. Appl. WO 9817756 A1 19980430, 153 pp. DESIGNATED STATES: W: BR, CA, CN, JP, MX, US. (English). CODEN: PIXXD2. APPLICATION: WO 1997-US18932 19971021. PRIORITY: US 1996-28904 19961021.

Principal solvents, esp. mono-ol and diol principal solvents, having a ClogP .apprx.0.15-0.64, preferably .apprx.0.25-0.62, and more preferably apprx.0.40-0.60, have the ability to make clear aq. fabric softener compns. contg. relatively high concns. of fabric softener actives having highly unsatd. hydrocarbon moieties or branched chains in 2 long-chain hydrophobic groups with specific cis/trans ratios and having long chain hydrocarbon groups with an iodine value .apprx.70-140 for the unsatd. groups corresponding to fatty acids with the same no. of carbons and the same configuration. The title compn. contains .ltorsim.40% solvents and 2-80% fabric softener actives, prepd. in the presence of chelating agent and/or antioxidant with reduced coloration and malodor. Premixes of the fabric softening actives, the principal solvents, and, optionally, other solvents are a preferred means of adding actives to complete formulations.

187727-38-4, 2,3-Hexanediol, 5-methyl-(concd. aq. clear liq. fabric softening compn. with reduced

malodor and coloration) 187727-38-4 ZCAPLUS

RN 2,3-Hexanediol, 5-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

```
OH OH
| |
Me-CH-CH-Bu-i
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IT 1877-38-4, 2,3-Hexanediol, 5-methyl-(concd. aq. clear liq. fabric softening compn. with reduced malodor and coloration)

L27 ANSWER 4 OF 5 ZCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

1997:224021 Document No. 126:213656 Concentrated, water dispersible, stable, fabric softening compositions. Trinh, Toan; Tordil, Helen stable, fabric softening compositions. Trinh, Toan; Tordil, Helen Bernardo; Wahl, Errol Hoffman; Rinker, Jennifer Lea; Demeyere, Hugo Jean-Marie; Declercq, Marc Johan; Gosselink, Eugene Paul; Letton, James Carey; Back, Deborah Jean; Severns, John Cort; Sivik, Mark Robert; Vogel, Alice Marie; Rungta, Kamal Kumar; Sudarsana, Borra; Robert; Vogel, Alice Marie; Rungta, Kamal Kumar; Sudarsana, Borra; Okamoto, Mitsuyo; et al. (Procter and Gamble Company, USA; Trinh, Otamoto, Mitsuyo; et al. (Procter and Gamble Company, USA; Trinh, Jennifer, Lea; Demeyere, Hugo, Jean-Marie; Declercq, Marc, Johan; Jennifer, Lea; Demeyere, Hugo, Jean-Marie; Declercq, Marc, Johan; Gosselink, Eugene, Paul). PCT Int. Appl. W0 9703170 Al 19970130, 111 pp. DESIGNATED STATES: W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MN, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG; RW, AT, BE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CH, CI, CM, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GA, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE. (English). CODEN: PIXXD2. APPLICATION: W0 1996-US11580 19960711. PRIORITY: US 1995-1057 19950711; US 1996-621019 19960322; US

AB The title aq., concd., stable, translucent, or preferably, clear, rinse added liq. fabric softening compns. which provide excellent water dispersibility in rinse water comprise a quaternary ammonium fabric softening active and a principal solvent of mainly diols or derivs. and mixts. thereof. To achieve the main object of excellent water dispersibility, the molar ratio of a principal solvent to a fabric softening active should be not less than 3, preferably from about 3.6-100, e.g., 1,2-hexanediol and dimethyldioleylammonium chloride in 25.8:1 molar ratio, showing a homogeneous soln. in 50% attaches the cold water.

diln. in cold water. 187727-38-4

IT 187727-38-4 CCAPLUS (cond., water dispersible, stable, fabric softening compns.)
RN 187727-38-4 ZCAPLUS

RN 187727-38-4 ZCAPLUS CN 2,3-Hexanediol, 5-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 187727-38-4

(concd., water dispersible, stable, fabric softening compns.)

L27 ANSWER 5 OF 5 ZCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS 1997:215734 Document No. 126:200646 Solvents for concentrated, stable fabric softening composition. Trinh, Toan; Tordil, Helen Bernardo; Wahl, Errol Hoffman; Rinker, Jennifer Lea; Vogel, Alice Marie; Demeyere, Hugo Jean Marie; Declercq, Marc Johan; Gosselink, Eugene Paul; Letton, James Carey; Back, Deborah Jean; Severns, John Cort; Sivik, Mark Robert (Procter and Gamble Company, USA; Trinh, Toan; Tordil, Helen Bernardo; Wahl, Errol Hoffman; Rinker, Jennifer Lea; Vogel, Alice Marie; Demeyere, Hugo Jean Marie; Declercq, Marc Johan; Gosselink, Eugene Paul; et al.). PCT Int. Appl. WO 9703169 A1 19970130, 277 pp. DESIGNATED STATES: W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, RW: AT, BE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CH, CI, CM, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GA, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, (English). CODEN: PIXXD2. APPLICATION: WO 1996-US11556 19960711. PRIORITY: US 1995-1057 19950711; US 1996-621019 19960322. Principal solvents, esp. monools and diols, having a ClogP (calcd. AB logP, where P is the octanol-water partition coeff. of the substance) of 0.15-0.64, have the ability to make clear aq. fabric softener compns. contg. relatively high concns. of fabric softener actives having ester linkages in their long, hydrophobic chains. The fabric softener actives are either unsatd., or have intermediate length chains (.apprx.C12-14) and the principal solvents are used at levels of less than about 40 %. Other solvents may be present. Some of the principal solvents are novel compds. and/or novel mixts. Premixes of the fabric softening actives, the principal solvents, and, optionally, other solvents are useful in the prepn. of complete formulation by obviating/limiting the need for heating. 187727-38-4 IT (solvents for concd., stable fabric softening compn.)

(solvents for concd., stable fabric softening compn.)
187727-38-4 ZCAPLUS

CN 2,3-Hexanediol, 5-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OH OH | | Me-CH-CH-Bu-i

RN '

IT 187727-38-4

(solvents for concd., stable fabric softening compn.)

=> d 128 1-5 cbib abs hitstr hitrn

ANSWER 1 OF 5 ZCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS 2002:271975 Document No. 136:296571 Concentrated, water dispersible, stable, fabric softening compositions. Trinh, Toan; Tordil, Helen Bernardo; Wahl, Errol Hoffman; Rinker, Jennifer Lea; Demeyere, Hugo Jean Marie; Declercq, Marc Johan; Gosselink, Eugene Paul; Letton, James Carey; Back, Deborah Jean; Severns, John Cort; Sivik, Mark Robert; Vogel, Alice Marie (The Procter & Gamble Company, USA). U.S. US 6369025 B1 20020409, 43 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 638,024. (English). CODEN: USXXAM. APPLICATION: US 1998-983544 19980427. PRIORITY: US 1995-PV1057 19950711; US 1996-621019 19960322; US 1996-638024 19960426; WO 1996-US11580 19960711. An aq., concd., stable, translucent, or preferably, clear, rinse AB added liq. fabric softening compn. provided excellent H2O dispersibility in rinse H2O, and comprises a fabric softening active and <40% principal solvent having a ClogP .apprx.0.15-0.64, and an asym. structure. Also, the compn. may contain <10% solvent selected from EtOH, isopropanol, propylene glycol, 1,3-propanediol, propylene carbonate, and mixts. In order to achieve excellent H2O dispersibility, the molar ratio of a principal solvent of a fabric softening active should be .gtoreq.3, preferably .apprx.3.6-100. 187727-40-8 IT (concd., water dispersible, stable, fabric softening compns.)

RN 187727-40-8 ZCAPLUS CN 3,4-Hexanediol, 2-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OH OH | | i-Pr-CH-CH-Et

IT 187727-40-8

(concd., water dispersible, stable, fabric softening compns.)

ANSWER 2 OF 5 ZCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS L28 Document No. 135:373284 Concentrated, stable clear fabric softening composition. Trinh, Toan; Tordil, Helen Bernardo; Wahl, Errol Hoffman; Rinker, Jennifer Lea; Demeyere, Hugo Jean Marie; 2001:863494 Declercq, Marc Johan; Gosselink, Eugene Paul; Letton, James Carey; Back, Deborah Jean; Severns, John Cort; Sivik, Mark Robert; Vogel, Alice Marie (The Procter & Gamble Company, USA). U.S. US 6323172 B1 20011127, 126 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 621,019, (English). CODEN: USXXAM. APPLICATION: US 1998-983542 abandoned. PRIORITY: US 1996-621019 19960322; US 1996-620767 19980925. 19960322; US 1996-620627 19960322; US 1996-620513 19960322; US 1996-621285 19960322; US 1996-621299 19960322; US 1996-621298 19960322; US 1996-620626 19960322; US 1996-620625 19960322; US 1996-620772 19960322; US 1996-621281 19960322; US 1996-620514 19960322; US 1996-620958 19960322; WO 1996-US11556 19960711. The title fabric softener contains 2-80% actives that are either AB

unsatd., or have intermediate length chains (C12-14) e.g. N, N-di(cocooyloxyethyl) -N, N-dimethylammonium chloride, and principal solvents (.ltorsim.40%), esp. mono-ol and diol principal solvents, having a ClogP .apprx.0.15-0.64, preferably .apprx.0.25-0.62, and more preferably .apprx.0.40-0.60, which are not sym., optionally low mol. wt. water-sol. solvents, and optionally water-sol. Ca and/or Mg salts, and the balance water. An example clear liq. softener contained N, N-di(cocoyloxyethyl) - N, N-dimethylammonium chloride 27.5, EtOH 5.1, 1,2-hexanediol 16%, HCl 0.005, Kathon 3 ppm, and the balance water.

187727-40-8, 3,4-Hexanediol, 2-methyl-IT

(concn. aq. clear liq. fabric softening compn. contq.)

RN 187727-40-8 ZCAPLUS

3,4-Hexanediol, 2-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

OH OH i-Pr-CH-CH-Et

187727-40-8, 3,4-Hexanediol, 2-methyl-IT (concn. aq. clear liq. fabric softening compn. contg.)

ANSWER 3 OF 5 ZCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS 1998:268582 Document No. 128:323167 Concentrated aqueous clear liquid fabric softening composition. Wahl, Errol Hoffman; Trinh, Toan; Oler, Chad James (Procter & Gamble Co., USA; Wahl, Errol Hoffman; Trinh, Toan; Oler, Chad James). PCT Int. Appl. WO 9817756 A1 19980430, 153 pp. DESIGNATED STATES: W: BR, CA, CN, JF, MX, US. (English). CODEN: PIXXD2. APPLICATION: WO 1997-US18932 19971021. PRIORITY: US 1996-28904 19961021.

Principal solvents, esp. mono-ol and diol principal solvents, having AB a ClogP .apprx.0.15-0.64, preferably .apprx.0.25-0.62, and more preferably apprx.0.40-0.60, have the ability to make clear aq. fabric softener compns. contg. relatively high concns. of fabric softener actives having highly unsatd. hydrocarbon moieties or branched chains in 2 long-chain hydrophobic groups with specific cis/trans ratios and having long chain hydrocarbon groups with an iodine value .apprx.70-140 for the unsatd. groups corresponding to fatty acids with the same no. of carbons and the same configuration. The title compn. contains .ltorsim.40% solvents and 2-80% fabric softener actives, prepd. in the presence of chelating agent and/or antioxidant with reduced coloration and malodor. Premixes of the fabric softening actives, the principal solvents, and, optionally, other solvents are a preferred means of adding actives to complete

formulations. 187727-40-8, 3,4-Hexanediol, 2-methyl-IT (concd. aq. clear liq. fabric softening compn. with reduced

malodor and coloration) 187727-40-8 ZCAPLUS

RN 3.4-Hexanediol, 2-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

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OH OH
i-Pr-CH-CH-Et
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187727-40-8, 3,4-Hexanediol, 2-methyl-TT (concd. aq. clear liq. fabric softening compn. with reduced malodor and coloration)

ANSWER 4 OF 5 ZCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS Document No. 126:213656 Concentrated, water dispersible, 1997:224021 stable, fabric softening compositions. Trinh, Toan; Tordil, Helen Bernardo; Wahl, Errol Hoffman; Rinker, Jennifer Lea; Demeyere, Hugo Jean-Marie; Declercq, Marc Johan; Gosselink, Eugene Paul; Letton, James Carey; Back, Deborah Jean; Severns, John Cort; Sivik, Mark Robert; Vogel, Alice Marie; Rungta, Kamal Kumar; Sudarsana, Borra; Okamoto, Mitsuyo; et al. (Procter and Gamble Company, USA; Trinh, Toan; Tordil, Helen Bernardo; Wahl, Errol, Hoffman; Rinker, Jennifer, Lea; Demeyere, Hugo, Jean-Marie; Declercq, Marc, Johan; Gosselink, Eugene, Paul). PCT Int. Appl. WO 9703170 A1 19970130, 111 pp. DESIGNATED STATES: W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG; RW: AT, BE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CH, CI, CM, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GA, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE. (English). CODEN: PIXXD2. APPLICATION: WO 1996-US11580 19960711. PRIORITY: US 1995-1057 19950711; US 1996-621019 19960322; US 1996-638024 19960426.

The title aq., concd., stable, translucent, or preferably, clear, AB rinse added liq. fabric softening compns. which provide excellent water dispersibility in rinse water comprise a quaternary ammonium fabric softening active and a principal solvent of mainly diols or derivs. and mixts. thereof. To achieve the main object of excellent water dispersibility, the molar ratio of a principal solvent to a fabric softening active should be not less than 3, preferably from about 3.6-100, e.g., 1,2-hexanediol and dimethyldioleylammonium chloride in 25.8:1 molar ratio, showing a homogeneous soln. in 50% diln. in cold water.

187727-40-8 IT

(concd., water dispersible, stable, fabric softening compns.) 187727-40-8 ZCAPLUS RN CN

3,4-Hexanediol, 2-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OH OH i-Pr-CH-CH-Et

187727-40-8 IT

(concd., water dispersible, stable, fabric softening compns.)

ANSWER 5 OF 5 ZCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS 1997:215734 Document No. 126:200646 Solvents for concentrated, stable fabric softening composition. Trinh, Toan; Tordil, Helen Bernardo; Wahl, Errol Hoffman; Rinker, Jennifer Lea; Vogel, Alice Marie; Demeyere, Hugo Jean Marie; Declercq, Marc Johan; Gosselink, Eugene Paul; Letton, James Carey; Back, Deborah Jean; Severns, John Cort; Sivik, Mark Robert (Procter and Gamble Company, USA; Trinh, Toan; Tordil, Helen Bernardo; Wahl, Errol Hoffman; Rinker, Jennifer Lea; Vogel, Alice Marie; Demeyere, Hugo Jean Marie; Declercq, Marc Johan; Gosselink, Eugene Paul; et al.). PCT Int. Appl. W0 9703169 Al 19970130, 277 pp. DESIGNATED STATES: W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MN, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG; RW. AT, BE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CH, CI, CM, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GA, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE. (English). CODEN: PIXXD2. APPLICATION: WO 1996-US11556 19960711. PRIORITY: US 1995-1057 19950711; US 1996-621019 19960322. Principal solvents, esp. monools and diols, having a CloqP (calcd. AB logP, where P is the octanol-water partition coeff. of the substance) of 0.15-0.64, have the ability to make clear aq. fabric softener compns. contg. relatively high concns. of fabric softener actives having ester linkages in their long, hydrophobic chains. The fabric softener actives are either unsatd., or have intermediate length chains (.apprx.C12-14) and the principal solvents are used at levels of less than about 40 %. Other solvents may be present. Some of the principal solvents are novel compds. and/or novel mixts. Premixes of the fabric softening actives, the principal solvents, and, optionally, other solvents are useful in the prepn. of complete formulation by obviating/limiting the need for heating. 187727-40-8 IT

(solvents for concd., stable fabric softening compn.)
187727-40-8 ZCAPLUS

RN 187727-40-8 ZCAPLUS CN 3,4-Hexanediol, 2-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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OH OH
| |
i-Pr-CH-CH-Et
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IT 187727-40-8

(solvents for concd., stable fabric softening compn.)

=> d 129 1-11 cbib abs hitstr hitrn

ANSWER 1 OF 11 ZCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS 2002:271975 Document No. 136:296571 Concentrated, water dispersible, stable, fabric softening compositions. Trinh, Toan; Tordil, Helen Bernardo; Wahl, Errol Hoffman; Rinker, Jennifer Lea; Demeyere, Hugo Jean Marie; Declercq, Marc Johan; Gosselink, Eugene Paul; Letton, James Carey; Back, Deborah Jean; Severns, John Cort; Sivik, Mark Robert; Vogel, Alice Marie (The Procter & Gamble Company, USA). U.S. US 6369025 B1 20020409, 43 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 638,024. (English). CODEN: USXXAM. APPLICATION: US 1998-983544 19980427. PRIORITY: US 1995-PV1057 19950711; US 1996-621019 19960322; US 1996-638024 19960426; WO 1996-US11580 19960711.

An aq., concd., stable, translucent, or preferably, clear, rinse AB added liq. fabric softening compn. provided excellent H2O dispersibility in rinse H2O, and comprises a fabric softening active and <40% principal solvent having a ClogP .apprx.0.15-0.64, and an asym. structure. Also, the compn. may contain <10% solvent selected from EtOH, isopropanol, propylene glycol, 1,3-propanediol, propylene carbonate, and mixts. In order to achieve excellent H2O dispersibility, the molar ratio of a principal solvent of a fabric softening active should be .gtoreq.3, preferably .apprx.3.6-100.

100911-55-5 IT

(concd., water dispersible, stable, fabric softening compns.)

100911-55-5 ZCAPLUS RN 1,2-Butanediol, 2,3,3-trimethyl- (6CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CN

OH HO-CH2-C-Bu-t Me

100911-55-5 тт

(concd., water dispersible, stable, fabric softening compns.)

L29 ANSWER 2 OF 11 ZCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS Document No. 135:373284 Concentrated, stable clear fabric softening composition. Trinh, Toan; Tordil, Helen Bernardo; Wahl, Errol Hoffman; Rinker, Jennifer Lea; Demeyere, Hugo Jean Marie; Declercy, Marc Johan; Gosselink, Eugene Paul; Letton, James Carey; Back, Deborah Jean; Severns, John Cort; Sivik, Mark Robert; Vogel, Alice Marie (The Procter & Gamble Company, USA). U.S. US 6323172 B1 20011127, 126 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 621,019, (English). CODEN: USXXAM. APPLICATION: US 1998-983542 abandoned. PRIORITY: US 1996-621019 19960322; US 1996-620767 19980925. 19960322; US 1996-620627 19960322; US 1996-620513 19960322; US 1996-621285 19960322; US 1996-621299 19960322; US 1996-621298 19960322; US 1996-620626 19960322; US 1996-620625 19960322; US 1996-620772 19960322; US 1996-621281 19960322; US 1996-620514

19960322; US 1996-620958 19960322; WO 1996-US11556 19960711. The title fabric softener contains 2-80% actives that are either unsatd., or have intermediate length chains (C12-14) e.g. AB N,N-di(cocooyloxyethyl)-N,N-dimethylammonium chloride, and principal solvents (.ltorsim.40%), esp. mono-ol and diol principal solvents, having a ClogP .apprx.0.15-0.64, preferably .apprx.0.25-0.62, and more preferably .apprx.0.40-0.60, which are not sym., optionally low mol. wt. water-sol. solvents, and optionally water-sol. Ca and/or Mg salts, and the balance water. An example clear liq. softener contained N,N-di(cocoyloxyethyl)-N,N-dimethylammonium chloride 27.5, EtOH 5.1, 1,2-hexanediol 16%, HCl 0.005, Kathon 3 ppm, and the balance water.

100911-55-5, 1,2-Butanediol, 2,3,3-trimethyl-(concn. aq. clear liq. fabric softening compn. contg.) IT

100911-55-5 ZCAPLUS RN 1,2-Butanediol, 2,3,3-trimethyl- (6CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

IT

100911-55-5, 1,2-Butanediol, 2,3,3-trimethyl-IT (concn. aq. clear liq. fabric softening compn. contg.)

L29 ANSWER 3 OF 11 ZCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS 1998:268582 Document No. 128:323167 Concentrated aqueous clear liquid fabric softening composition. Wahl, Errol Hoffman; Trinh, Toan; Oler, Chad James (Procter & Gamble Co., USA; Wahl, Errol Hoffman; Trinh, Toan; Oler, Chad James). PCT Int. Appl. WO 9817756 Al 19980430, 153 pp. DESIGNATED STATES: W: BR, CA, CN, JP, MX, US. (English). CODEN: PIXXD2. APPLICATION: WO 1997-US18932 19971021. PRIORITY: US 1996-28904 19961021. Principal solvents, esp. mono-ol and diol principal solvents, having AB

a ClogP .apprx.0.15-0.64, preferably .apprx.0.25-0.62, and more preferably .apprx.0.40-0.60, have the ability to make clear aq. fabric softener compns. contg. relatively high concns. of fabric softener actives having highly unsatd. hydrocarbon moieties or branched chains in 2 long-chain hydrophobic groups with specific cis/trans ratios and having long chain hydrocarbon groups with an iodine value .apprx.70-140 for the unsatd. groups corresponding to fatty acids with the same no. of carbons and the same configuration. The title compn. contains .ltorsim.40% solvents and 2-80% fabric softener actives, prepd. in the presence of chelating agent and/or antioxidant with reduced coloration and malodor. Premixes of the fabric softening actives, the principal solvents, and, optionally, other solvents are a preferred means of adding actives to complete 100911-55-5, 1,2-Butanediol, 2,3,3-trimethyl-

(concd. aq. clear liq. fabric softening compn. with reduced malodor and coloration)

100911-55-5 ZCAPLUS RN 1,2-Butanediol, 2,3,3-trimethyl- (6CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{OH} \\ \mid \\ \text{HO-CH}_2 - \text{C-Bu-t} \\ \mid \\ \text{Me} \end{array}$$

100911-55-5, 1,2-Butanediol, 2,3,3-trimethyl-IT (concd. aq. clear liq. fabric softening compn. with reduced malodor and coloration)

ANSWER 4 OF 11 ZCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS 1997:224021 Document No. 126:213656 Concentrated, water dispersible, stable, fabric softening compositions. Trinh, Toan; Tordil, Helen Bernardo; Wahl, Errol Hoffman; Rinker, Jennifer Lea; Demeyere, Hugo Jean-Marie; Declercq, Marc Johan; Gosselink, Eugene Paul; Letton, James Carey; Back, Deborah Jean; Severns, John Cort; Sivik, Mark Robert; Vogel, Alice Marie; Rungta, Kamal Kumar; Sudarsana, Borra; Okamoto, Mitsuyo, et al. (Procter and Gamble Company, USA; Trinh, Toan; Tordil, Helen Bernardo; Wahl, Errol, Hoffman; Rinker, Jennifer, Lea; Demeyere, Hugo, Jean-Marie; Declercq, Marc, Johan; PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, RW: AT, BE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CH, CI, CM, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GA, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE. (English). CODEN: PIXXD2. APPLICATION: WO 1996-US11580 19960711. PRIORITY: US 1995-1057 19950711; US 1996-621019 19960322; US 1996-638024 19960426.

The title aq., concd., stable, translucent, or preferably, clear, rinse added liq. fabric softening compns. which provide excellent AB water dispersibility in rinse water comprise a quaternary ammonium fabric softening active and a principal solvent of mainly diols or derivs. and mixts. thereof. To achieve the main object of excellent water dispersibility, the molar ratio of a principal solvent to a fabric softening active should be not less than 3, preferably from about 3.6-100, e.g., 1,2-hexanediol and dimethyldioleylammonium chloride in 25.8:1 molar ratio, showing a homogeneous soln. in 50%

diln. in cold water. 100911-55-5 IT

RN

CN

(concd., water dispersible, stable, fabric softening compns.) 100911-55-5 ZCAPLUS

1,2-Butanediol, 2,3,3-trimethyl- (6CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$_{\text{HO-CH}_2-\text{C-Bu-t}}^{\text{OH}}$$

100911-55-5 TT

(concd., water dispersible, stable, fabric softening compns.)

ANSWER 5 OF 11 ZCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS L29 Document No. 126:200646 Solvents for concentrated, stable 1997:215734 fabric softening composition. Trinh, Toan; Tordil, Helen Bernardo; Wahl, Errol Hoffman; Rinker, Jennifer Lea; Vogel, Alice Marie; Demeyere, Hugo Jean Marie; Declercq, Marc Johan; Gosselink, Eugene Paul; Letton, James Carey; Back, Deborah Jean; Severns, John Cort; Sivik, Mark Robert (Procter and Gamble Company, USA; Trinh, Toan; Tordil, Helen Bernardo; Wahl, Errol Hoffman; Rinker, Jennifer Lea; Vogel, Alice Marie; Demeyere, Hugo Jean Marie; Declercq, Marc Johan; Gosselink, Eugene Paul; et al.). PCT Int. Appl. WO 9703169 A1 19970130, 277 pp. DESIGNATED STATES: W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, RN: AT, BE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CH, CI, CM, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GA, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, (English). CODEN: PIXXD2. APPLICATION: WO 1996-US11556 19960711. PRIORITY: US 1995-1057 19950711; US 1996-621019 19960322. Principal solvents, esp. monools and diols, having a ClogP (calcd. AB logP, where P is the octanol-water partition coeff. of the substance) of 0.15-0.64, have the ability to make clear aq. fabric softener compns. contg. relatively high concns. of fabric softener actives having ester linkages in their long, hydrophobic chains. The fabric softener actives are either unsatd., or have intermediate length chains (apprx.C12-14) and the principal solvents are used at levels of less than about 40 %. Other solvents may be present. Some of the principal solvents are novel compds. and/or novel mixts. Premixes of the fabric softening actives, the principal solvents, and, optionally, other solvents are useful in the prepn. of complete formulation by obviating/limiting the need for heating. 100911-55-5

(solvents for concd., stable fabric softening compn.)

100911-55-5 ZCAPLUS RN 1,2-Butanediol, 2,3,3-trimethyl- (6CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

IT

TT 100911-55-5

(solvents for concd., stable fabric softening compn.)

L29 ANSWER 6 OF 11 ZCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
1996:637443 Document No. 125:329473 Preparation of
aminediol-containing peptide analogs as retroviral protease
inhibitors. Gordon, Eric M.; Barrish, Joel C.; Bisacchi, Gregory
S.; Sun, Chong-qing; Tino, Joseph A.; Vite, Gregory D.; Zahler,
Robert (E. R. Squibb & Sons, Inc., USA). U.S. US 55:9256 A
19960924, 219 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 927,027,
abandoned. (English). CODEN: USXXMM. APPLICATION: US 1993-79978
19930625. PRIORITY: US 1992-916916 19920720; US 1992-927027
19920806.

GI

Aa-E-NR8CHR9H(OH)CH2NHCH2CH(OH)CHR9NR8-E-Ab [Aa, Ab = H, alkyl, AB R3C(:Z), R3SO2, R3R4NSO2, R3R4NC(:Z), R3SC(:O), R5R6R7COC(:Z); E = asingle bond or a peptide chain contg. 1 to 4 amino acids, the N-terminus of which is bonded to Aa or Ab; R3, R4 = H, alkyl, aryl, carbocyclyl; R5, R6, R7 = H, alkyl, aryl, carbocyclyl, fluorenyl, alkynyl, alkenyl; R5, R6, and R7 may, independently, be joined together with the carbon atom to which they are bonded, to form a mono-, bi- or tricyclic carbocyclic ring system; R8 = H, alkyl; R9 = arylalkyl; Z = O, S; wherein: wherever they appear alone or as part of another group, unless otherwise indicated, the terms "alk." or "alkyl" denote a straight or branched chain satd. radical contg. 1 to 12 carbons in the normal chain, optionally substituted by one or more groups selected from (un)protected OH, oxo (with the proviso that the carbon bearing the oxo group is not adjacent to a heteroatom), CO2H, halo, alkoxy, aryloxy, alkoxycarbonyl, etc.] or salts thereof, which inhibit retroviral protease and are particularly useful in the treatment and/or prevention of HIV

infection (AIDS), are prepd. Thus, bis(3-amino-2-hydroxy-4phenylbutyl) amine deriv. (I; R = H) was condensed with L-tert-leucine deriv. (HO-Q) using 1-ethyl-3-(3dimethylaminopropyl) carbodiimide hydrochloride and HOBT in DMF/CH2CH2 at 0.degree. to room temp. to give the title compd. I (R = Q). The latter compd. at 10 .mu.M in vitro inhibited 99% HIV protease and showed IC50 of 0.012 .mu.M which was the concn. of drug that increased the formazan prodn. in CEM-SS cells infected with the RF strain of HIV to 50% of that produced by uninfected cells in the absence of drug.

(prepn. of aminediol-contq. peptide analogs as retroviral protease inhibitors for treatment of HIV infection (AIDS)) RN 162125-34-0 ZCAPLUS 1.2-Butanediol, 2,3,3-trimethyl-, (R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CN

Absolute stereochemistry.

IT 162125-34-0P

(prepn. of aminediol-contq. peptide analogs as retroviral protease inhibitors for treatment of HIV infection (AIDS))

ANSWER 7 OF 11 ZCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS 1996:172219 Document No. 124:344117 Carbamate HIV protease inhibitors. Barrish, Joel C.; Spergel, Steven H. (Bristol-Myers Squibb Co., USA). U.S. US 5492910 A 19960220, 14 pp. (English). CODEN: USXXAM. APPLICATION: US 1994-341245 19941117.

GΙ

тт

The invention discloses compds. A-E-NR5-CHR3-CH(OR1)-CH2-NH-CH2-AB CH(OR2)-CHR4-02CNR6R7 including a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof wherein: R1 and R2 are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkylene-aryl, and alkylene-substituted aryl; R3 and R4 are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, substituted aryl, alkylene-aryl, alkylene-substituted aryl, alkylene-cycloalkyl, and alkylene-heterocyclo; R5 is hydrogen, alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkylene-aryl, or alkylene-substituted aryl; R6 and R7 are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkylene-aryl, and alkylene-substituted aryl and R6 and R7 taken together with the N-atom to which they are attached complete a heterocyclic ring of 5 to 7 atoms; A is H, alkyl, R8C(:Z), R8SO2, R6R7NSO2, R6R7NC(:Z), R8SC(:O), Or R8R9R1OCOC(:Z); R8, R9, R10 are independently, e.g., H, alkyl, cycloalkyl, as HIV protease inhibitors. Thus, e.g., epoxide ring cleavage of tert-butylcarbamic acid, [S-(R*,S*)]-1-oxiranyl-2-phenylethyl ester (I, prepn. given) with [R-(R*,S*)]-[3-amino-2-hydroxy-1-(phenylmethyl)propyl]carbamic acid, tert-Bu ester (II, prepn. given) afforded [1S-[1R*,2S*(2S*,3R*)]-3-[[3-[[[(1,1dimethylethyl)amino]carbonyl]oxy]-2-hydroxy-4-phenylbutyl]amino]-2-hydroxy-1-(phenylmethyl)propyl]carbamic acid, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (III) which exhibited 98% inhibition of HIV protease at 10 .mu.M and an IC50 = 0.46 .mu.M for HIV (CEM cells). 162125-34-0PIT

(carbamate HIV protease inhibitors)

162125-34-0 ZCAPLUS RN

1,2-Butanediol, 2,3,3-trimethyl-, (R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

CN

TT 162125-34-0P

(carbamate HIV protease inhibitors)

L29 ANSWER 8 OF 11 ZCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
1996:19219 Document No. 124:202994 Synthesis and absolute
configuration of (+)-2,3,3-trimethyl-2-hydroxybutanoic acid. Ahmad,
Saleem; Spergel, Steven H.; Barrish, Joel C.; DiMarco, John;
Gougoutas, Jack (Bristol-Myers Squibb Pharmaceutical Res. Institute,
Princeton, NJ, 08543, USA). Tetrahedron: Asymmetry, 6(12), 2893-4
(English) 1995. CODEN: TASYE3. ISSN: 0957-4166. OTHER SOURCES:
CASREACT 124:202994. Publisher: Elsevier.

AB The abs. configuration of the title compd. (I), a key intermediate in the synthesis of the HIV-protease inhibitor II, has been confirmed as (R) by x-ray crystallog.

IT 162125-34-0P (synthesis and abs. configuration of HIV protease inhibitor intermediate trimethyl (hydroxy) butanoic acid)

RN 162125-34-0 ZCAPLUS

1,2-Butanediol, 2,3,3-trimethyl-, (R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

CN

IT 162125-34-0P

(synthesis and abs. configuration of HIV protease inhibitor intermediate trimethyl(hydroxy)butanoic acid)

L29 ANSWER 9 OF 11 ZCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

Document No. 122:290438 Preparation of diphenyl-substituted amino alcohols as protease inhibitors. Gordon, Eric M.; Barrish, Joel C.; Bisacchi, Gregory S.; Sun, Chong Qing; Tino, Joseph A.; Vite, Gregory D.; Zahler, Robert (Squibb, E. R., and Sons, Inc., USA). Eur. Pat. Appl. EP 580402 A2 19940126, 393
pp. DESIGNATED STATES: R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE. (English). CODEN: EPXXDW. APPLICATION: EP 1993-305691 19930720. PRIORITY: US 1992-916916 19920720; US 1992-927027 19920806; US 1993-79978 19930625.

Novel amino alcs. [I, R, R1 = protecting group, substituent; R2 = H, substituent], useful in inhibiting retroviral protease, particularly AB useful in the treatment and/or prevention of HIV infection (AIDS), are prepd. A mixt of 2:1 II/PhCH2NH2 was heated at 105-108.degree. under Ar to give 56% III, which was refluxed over 20% Pd(OH)2/C in EtOH-cyclohexene to give 69% I (R = R1 = Boc, R2 = H), which showed 100% inhibition of HIV protease at 10 .mu.M and IC50 of 0.09 .mu.M against HIV CEM cells. 162125-34-0P

Ι

III

(prepn. of diphenyl-substituted amino alcs. as protease TT inhibitors)

162125-34-0 ZCAPLUS RN

1,2-Butanediol, 2,3,3-trimethyl-, (R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

Absolute stereochemistry.

162125-34-0P IT

(prepn. of diphenyl-substituted amino alcs. as protease inhibitors)

ANSWER 10 OF 11 ZCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS 1995:18086 Document No. 122:234164 The rabbit liver microsomal biotransformation of 1,1-dialkylethylenes: enantioface selection of epoxidation and enantioselectivity of epoxide hydrolysis. Bellucci, Giuseppe; Chiappe, Cinzia; Cordoni, Antonio; Marioni, Franco (Dep. Bioorg. Chem., Univ. Pisa, Pisa, Italy). Chirality, 6(3), 207-12

(English) 1994. CODEN: CHRLEP. ISSN: 0899-0042.

The rabbit liver microsomal biotransformation of AB .alpha.-methylstyrene, 2-methyl-1-hexene, 2,4,4-trimethyl-1-pentene, and 2.3.3-trimethyl-1-butene has been investigated with the aim at establishing the enantioface selection of the cytochrome P 450-promoted epoxidn. of the double bond and the enantioselectivity of microsomal epoxide hydrolase (mEH) - catalyzed hydrolysis of the resulting epoxides. GLC on a Chiraldex G-TA (ASTEC) column was used to det. the enantiomeric compn. of the products. The epoxides first produced in incubations carried out in the presence of an NADPH regenerating system were not detected, being rapidly hydrolyzed by mEH to diols. A comparison of these results with those previously obtained for linear and branched chain alkyl monosubstituted oxiranes shows that the introduction of the second alkyl substituent suppresses the selectivity of the mEH reaction of the latter and reverses that of the former substrates. 116199-30-5P 162125-34-0P

TT

(rabbit liver microsomal biotransformation of dialkylethylenes: enantioface selection of epoxidn. and enantioselectivity of epoxide hydrolysis)

RN 116199-30-5 ZCAPLUS

1,2-Butanediol, 2,3,3-trimethyl-, (S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

Absolute stereochemistry.

162125-34-0 ZCAPLUS RN 1,2-Butanediol, 2,3,3-trimethyl-, (R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

Absolute stereochemistry.

116199-30-5P 162125-34-0P TT

(rabbit liver microsomal biotransformation of dialkylethylenes: enantioface selection of epoxidn. and enantioselectivity of epoxide hydrolysis)

L29 ANSWER 11 OF 11 ZCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS 1988:610281 Document No. 109:210281 The configuration of (-)-2,3,3-trimethyl-2-hydroxybutanoic acid, Me3CCMe(OH)CO2H, (-)-3,3,4-trimethyl-3-hydroxy-1-pentyne, and (-)-3-tert-butyl-3methyl-1-chloroallene. Eliel, Ernest L.; Lynch, Joseph E. (William R. Kenan, Jr. Lab. Chem., Univ. North Carolina, Chapel Hill, NC, 27514, USA). Tetrahedron Lett., 28(41), 4813-16 (English) 1987. CODEN: TELERY. ISSN: 0040-4039. OTHER SOURCES: CASREACT 109:210281. The configurations of the title compds. are reassigned, based on

stereoselective syntheses of the hydroxy acid and corresponding AB glycol and application of Cram's, Prelog's and Sharpless' rules. 116199-30-5P

IT

(prepn. and abs. configuration of)

116199-30-5 ZCAPLUS RN.

1,2-Butanediol, 2,3,3-trimethyl-, (S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN -

Absolute stereochemistry.

116199-30-5P IT

(prepn. and abs. configuration of)

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ANSWER 1 OF 3 CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
L23
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CA51:17727e CAOLD AN

rearrangement of .alpha..beta.-unsatd. alcs. to satd. aldehydes and TΤ ketones - (II) course of the rearrangement

ΑU

Green, Maurice B.; Hickinbottom, W. J. 513-42-8 4364-51-6 4435-54-5 26903-66-2 39497-64-8 50965-90-7 56255-50-6 66553-15-9 81280-12-8 41051-72-3 100911-55-5

100911-55-5 IT -

IT

100911-55-5 CAOLD RN

1,2-Butanediol, 2,3,3-trimethyl- (6CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

ANSWER 2 OF 3 CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS T.23

CA51:17725i CAOLD AN

rearrangement of .alpha..beta.-unsatd. alcs. to satd. aldehydes and TΤ ketones - (I) prepn. of .alpha..beta.-unsatd. alcs. and 1,2-diols and their prototropic change

Green, Maurice B.; Hickinbottom, W. J. ΑU 97-96-1 123-05-7 96-17-3 77-70-3 80-55-7 IT 617-67-4 623-36-9 592-64-3 513-42-8 497-03-0 123-15-9 1070-66-2 1070-13-9 1070-43-5 994-26-3 925-54-2 922-63-4 3491-57-4 2747-54-8 2177-38-0 2109-98-0 1617-38-5 5582-86-5 4435-54-5 4798-58-7 4417-80-5 4364-51-6 6137-15-1 6137-14-0 6137-03-7 6038-09-1 5665-82-7 17408-48-9 7511-26-4 10473-13-9 17042-16-9 7379-12-6 17773-74-9 19310-95-3 19780-25-7 20667-04-3 20754-04-5 26903-66-2 22092-54-2 24580-44-7 21101-97-3 21101-98-4 40239-42-7 33861-40-4 39497-64-8 32493-36-0 33861-38-0 41051-72-3 50468-22-9 50639-00-4 50965-90-7 53516-67-9 53555-58-1 56255-50-6 57003-66-4 63818-27-9 66553-15-9 66553-16-0 69060-18-0 72486-21-6 84065-11-2 89856-15-5 93667-58-4 98278-60-5 98487-55-9 98560-72-6 98955-05-6

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98955-06-7 98955-64-7 100387-56-2 100869-08-7 100911-55-5
    101084-24-6 101084-25-7 101257-00-5 102369-71-1 102370-20-7
    102438-74-4 102450-27-1 102450-28-2 102450-30-6 102877-66-7
    102877-72-5 103985-90-6 103985-91-7 106594-50-7 117500-54-6
    117713-46-9
    100911-55-5
IT
    100911-55-5 CAOLD
    1,2-Butanediol, 2,3,3-trimethyl- (6CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
RN
CN
        OH
HO-CH2-C-Bu-t
       Me
    ANSWER 3 OF 3 CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
L23
     CA51:2707c CAOLD
     velocity of cleavage with Pb tetraacetate in relation to the
AN
TI
     constitution and configuration of the glycol - (III)
     Criegee, Rudolf; Hoeger, E.; Huber, G.; Kruck, P.; Marktscheffel,
ΑU
     F.; Schellenberger, H.
                                                    1069-23-4
                                         943-96-4
                             492-70-6
                 464-72-2
       93-56-1
TT
                                                    2888-11-1
                                        1636-34-6
                             1124-96-5
                 1119-87-5
     1117-86-8
                                                    4486-59-3
                                        4065-92-3
                             3710-31-4
                 2955-64-8
     2955-63-7
                                                    6217-22-7
                             5557-31-3
                                        5607-45-4
               5396-58-7
     5181-75-9
                                                   6970-72-5
                                        6948-59-0
                            6931-71-1
                6730-95-6
     7251-51-6 13505-34-5 13603-63-9 14619-90-0 14619-92-2
     15584-48-2 15679-25-1 15753-47-6 15810-14-7 15870-10-7
     15962-87-5 16162-34-8 16177-37-0 16343-75-2 18021-17-5
                            25061-77-2 27956-09-8
     22607-10-9 24017-95-6
                                                    40459-97-0
                            34780-00-2 37399-02-3
     28622-70-0 33969-55-0
                            49578-06-5 50468-22-9 55489-05-9
     41248-13-9 42082-92-8
                            59562-82-2 60566-02-1 64484-85-1
     56363-86-1 57132-07-7
     65213-66-3 65678-03-7 65834-10-8 66553-16-0 69180-46-7
     74397-18-5 74397-19-6 82491-67-6 86954-78-1 90676-18-9
                                                     98560-25-9
     90676-29-2 91635-53-9 94465-37-9
                                        94616-99-6
                 98955-30-7 99115-05-6 99115-92-1
                                                     99182-91-9
      99767-31-4 99799-80-1 99862-80-3 100130-45-8 100911-55-5
      101723-76-6 101736-57-6 101736-60-1 102540-86-3 102553-13-9
      102599-52-0 102810-22-0 102810-38-8 102948-95-8 102949-53-1
      103153-96-4 103155-81-3 103161-65-5 103277-77-6 103281-30-7
      103394-01-0 103862-24-4 103985-44-0 104622-96-0 105901-35-7
      109251-16-3 109253-89-6 109939-30-2 115001-35-9 115122-45-7
      115210-52-1 116027-68-0 116570-16-2 128927-39-9
      100911-55-5
 TT
      100911-55-5 CAOLD
      1,2-Butanediol, 2,3,3-trimethyl- (6CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 RN
 CN
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=> d 130 1-7 cbib abs hitstr hitrn

L30 ANSWER 1 OF 7 ZCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS 2002:271975 Document No. 136:296571 Concentrated, water dispersible, stable, fabric softening compositions. Trinh, Toan; Tordil, Helen Bernardo; Wahl, Errol Hoffman; Rinker, Jennifer Lea; Demeyere, Hugo Jean Marie; Declercq, Marc Johan; Gosselink, Eugene Paul; Letton, James Carey; Back, Deborah Jean; Severns, John Cort; Sivik, Mark Robert; Vogel, Alice Marie (The Procter & Gamble Company, USA). U.S. US 6369025 B1 20020409, 43 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 638,024. (English). CODEN: USXXAM. APPLICATION: US 1998-983544 19980427. PRIORITY: US 1995-PV1057 19950711; US 1996-621019 19960322; US 1996-638024 19960426; WO 1996-US11580 19960711. An aq., concd., stable, translucent, or preferably, clear, rinse AB added liq. fabric softening compn. provided excellent H2O dispersibility in rinse H2O, and comprises a fabric softening active and <40% principal solvent having a ClogP .apprx.0.15-0.64, and an asym. structure. Also, the compn. may contain <10% solvent selected from EtOH, isopropanol, propylene glycol, 1,3-propanediol, propylene carbonate, and mixts. In order to achieve excellent H2O

IT 187727-33-9 (concd., water dispersible, stable, fabric softening compns.)
RN 187727-33-9 ZCAPLUS

dispersibility, the molar ratio of a principal solvent of a fabric softening active should be .gtoreq.3, preferably .apprx.3.6-100.

CN 2,3-Pentanediol, 3,4-dimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

TT 187727-33-9

(concd., water dispersible, stable, fabric softening compns.)

L30 ANSWER 2 OF 7 ZCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS 2001:863494 Document No. 135:373284 Concentrated, stable clear fabric softening composition. Trinh, Toan; Tordil, Helen Bernardo; Wahl, Errol Hoffman; Rinker, Jennifer Lea; Demeyere, Hugo Jean Marie; Declercq, Marc Johan; Gosselink, Eugene Paul; Letton, James Carey; Back, Deborah Jean; Severns, John Cort; Sivik, Mark Robert; Vogel, Alice Marie (The Procter & Gamble Company, USA). U.S. US 6323172 B1 20011127, 126 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 621,019, abandoned. (English). CODEN: USXXAM. APPLICATION: US 1998-983542 19980322; US 1996-620627 19960322; US 1996-620627 19960322; US 1996-620627 19960322; US 1996-621288 19960322; US 1996-620625 19960322; US 1996-621289 19960322; US 1996-620625 19960322; US

19960322; US 1996-620958 19960322; WO 1996-US11556 19960711. The title fabric softener contains 2-80% actives that are either AB unsatd., or have intermediate length chains (C12-14) e.g. N,N-di(cocooyloxyethyl)-N,N-dimethylammonium chloride, and principal solvents (.ltorsim.40%), esp. mono-ol and diol principal solvents, having a ClogP .apprx.0.15-0.64, preferably .apprx.0.25-0.62, and more preferably .apprx.0.40-0.60, which are not sym., optionally low mol. wt. water-sol. solvents, and optionally water-sol. Ca and/or Mq salts, and the balance water. An example clear liq. softener contained N, N-di(cocoyloxyethyl) - N, N-dimethylammonium chloride 27.5, EtOH 5.1, 1,2-hexanediol 16%, HCl 0.005, Kathon 3 ppm, and the balance water.

187727-33-9, 2,3-Pentanediol, 3,4-dimethyl-IT (concn. aq. clear liq. fabric softening compn. contg.) 187727-33-9 ZCAPLUS RN 2,3-Pentanediol, 3,4-dimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

L30

IT

187727-33-9, 2,3-Pentanediol, 3,4-dimethyl-TΤ (concn. aq. clear liq. fabric softening compn. contg.)

ANSWER 3 OF 7 ZCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

187727-33-9, 2,3-Pentanediol, 3,4-dimethyl-

Trinh, Toan; Oler, Chad James). PCT Int. Appl. WO 9817756 A1 19980430, 153 pp. DESIGNATED STATES: W: BR, CA, CN, JP, MX, US. CODEN: PIXXD2. APPLICATION: WO 1997-US18932 19971021. (English). PRIORITY: US 1996-28904 19961021. Principal solvents, esp. mono-ol and diol principal solvents, having AB a ClogP .apprx.0.15-0.64, preferably .apprx.0.25-0.62, and more preferably apprx.0.40-0.60, have the ability to make clear aq. fabric softener compns. contg. relatively high concns. of fabric softener actives having highly unsatd. hydrocarbon moieties or branched chains in 2 long-chain hydrophobic groups with specific cis/trans ratios and having long chain hydrocarbon groups with an iodine value .apprx.70-140 for the unsatd. groups corresponding to fatty acids with the same no. of carbons and the same configuration. The title compn. contains .ltorsim.40% solvents and 2-80% fabric softener actives, prepd. in the presence of chelating agent and/or antioxidant with reduced coloration and malodor. Premixes of the fabric softening actives, the principal solvents, and, optionally, other solvents are a preferred means of adding actives to complete formulations.

1998:268582 Document No. 128:323167 Concentrated aqueous clear liquid fabric softening composition. Wahl, Errol Hoffman; Trinh, Toan; Oler, Chad James (Procter & Gamble Co., USA; Wahl, Errol Hoffman;

(concd. aq. clear liq. fabric softening compn. with reduced malodor and coloration)

187727-33-9 ZCAPLUS RN

2,3-Pentanediol, 3,4-dimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

187727-33-9, 2,3-Pentanediol, 3,4-dimethyl-IT (concd. aq. clear liq. fabric softening compn. with reduced malodor and coloration)

ANSWER 4 OF 7 ZCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS 1997:224021 Document No. 126:213656 Concentrated, water dispersible, Stable, fabric softening compositions. Trinh, Toan; Tordil, Helen Bernardo; Wahl, Errol Hoffman; Rinker, Jennifer Lea; Demeyere, Hugo Jean-Marie; Declercq, Marc Johan; Gosselink, Eugene Paul; Letton, James Carey; Back, Deborah Jean; Severns, John Cort; Sivik, Mark Robert; Vogel, Alice Marie; Rungta, Kamal Kumar; Sudarsana, Borra; Okamoto, Mitsuyo; et al. (Procter and Gamble Company, USA; Trinh, Toan; Tordil, Helen Bernardo; Wahl, Errol, Hoffman; Rinker, Jennifer, Lea; Demeyere, Hugo, Jean-Marie; Declercq, Marc, Johan; Gosselink, Eugene, Paul). PCT Int. Appl. WO 9703170 Al 19970130, 111 pp. DESIGNATED STATES: W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG; RW: AT, BE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CH, CI, CM, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GA, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE. (English). CODEN: PIXXD2. APPLICATION: WO 1996-US11580 19960711. PRIORITY: US 1995-1057 19950711; US 1996-621019 19960322; US 1996-638024 19960426.

The title aq., concd., stable, translucent, or preferably, clear, AB rinse added liq. fabric softening compns. which provide excellent water dispersibility in rinse water comprise a quaternary ammonium fabric softening active and a principal solvent of mainly diols or derivs. and mixts. thereof. To achieve the main object of excellent water dispersibility, the molar ratio of a principal solvent to a fabric softening active should be not less than 3, preferably from about 3.6-100, e.g., 1,2-hexanediol and dimethyldioleylammonium chloride in 25.8:1 molar ratio, showing a homogeneous soln. in 50% dilm. in cold water. 187727-33-9

IT

(concd., water dispersible, stable, fabric softening compns.) 187727-33-9 ZCAPLUS

RN 2,3-Pentanediol, 3,4-dimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

187727-33-9 TT

L30

(concd., water dispersible, stable, fabric softening compns.)

ANSWER 5 OF 7 ZCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

1997:215734 Document No. 126:200646 Solvents for concentrated, stable fabric softening composition. Trinh, Toan; Tordil, Helen Bernardo; Wahl, Errol Hoffman; Rinker, Jennifer Lea; Vogel, Alice Marie; Demeyere, Hugo Jean Marie; Declercq, Marc Johan; Gosselink, Eugene Paul; Letton, James Carey; Back, Deborah Jean; Severns, John Cort; Sivik, Mark Robert (Procter and Gamble Company, USA; Trinh, Toan; Tordil, Helen Bernardo; Wahl, Errol Hoffman; Rinker, Jennifer Lea; Vogel, Alice Marie; Demeyere, Hugo Jean Marie; Declercq, Marc Johan; Gosselink, Eugene Paul; et al.). PCT Int. Appl. WO 9703169 A1 19970130, 277 pp. DESIGNATED STATES: W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, RW, AT, BE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CH, CI, CM, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GA, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, (English). CODEN: PIXXD2. APPLICATION: WO 1996-US11556 19960711. PRIORITY: US 1995-1057 19950711; US 1996-621019 19960322. Principal solvents, esp. monools and diols, having a ClogP (calcd. AB logP, where P is the octanol-water partition coeff. of the substance) of 0.15-0.64, have the ability to make clear aq. fabric softener compns. contg. relatively high concns. of fabric softener actives having ester linkages in their long, hydrophobic chains. The fabric softener actives are either unsatd., or have intermediate length chains (.apprx.C12-14) and the principal solvents are used at levels of less than about 40 %. Other solvents may be present. Some of the principal solvents are novel compds. and/or novel mixts. Premixes of the fabric softening actives, the principal solvents, and, optionally, other solvents are useful in the prepn. of complete formulation by obviating/limiting the need for heating. 187727-33-9 IT

(solvents for concd., stable fabric softening compn.) 187727-33-9 ZCAPLUS 2,3-Pentanediol, 3,4-dimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

RN

TT 187727-33-9

(solvents for concd., stable fabric softening compn.)

L30 ANSWER 6 OF 7 ZCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

1993:560002 Document No. 119:160002 Direct epoxy hydroxylation of hydroperoxy homoallylic alcohols: multidentate oxygen donor and oxygen acceptor substrates in titanium(IV)-catalyzed epoxidations. Adam, Waldemar; Nestler, Bernd (Inst. Org. Chem., Univ. Wuerzburg, Wuerzburg, D-8700, Germany). Journal of the American Chemical Society, 115(16), 7226-31 (English) 1993. CODEN: JACSAT. ISSN: 0002-7863.

GΙ

The hydroperoxy homoallylic alcs. (R*,S*)-CH2:CMeCH(OOH)CH(OH)Me and AB (S*,S*)-R1CH:CR2CR3(OOH)CH(OH)Me (I; R1 = H, Bu; R2, R3 = H, Me), readily available through the photooxygenation of chiral allylic alcs. R1CH2CR2:CR3CH(OH)Me (II), were converted to epoxy diols (III) under the catalytic action of Ti(OCHMe2)4. In these epoxy hydroxylations, the hydroperoxides play a double role as oxygen atom donor and, in the form of the in situ generated corresponding unsatd. diols (IV), as substrate for oxygen transfer. Compared to Ti(IV)-catalyzed epoxidns. of unsatd. diols by tert-BuOOH, the advantage of this approach is that a large rate enhancement is obtained. Moreover, with the exception of I (R1 = R2 = H, R3 = Me), all reactions proceeded with unusually high diastereoselectivity. These results are rationalized in terms of the ability of the hydroxy-functionalized hydroperoxides (oxygen atom donors) as well as IV (oxygen atom acceptors) to chelate to the titanium metal in the catalytically operating template. For some IV bidentate binding is feasible, while for other IV this is difficult due to unfavorable steric interactions. Important for synthetic applications is the fact that II can be directly converted to III in a one-pot, two-step procedure simply by adding catalytic amts. of Ti(OCHMe2)4 to a photooxygenated soln. of II. 150129-17-2

IT 150129-17-2 (reaction of, with titanium tetra-tert-butoxide)

RN 150129-17-2 ZCAPLUS 1T 150129-17-2

(reaction of, with titanium tetra-tert-butoxide)

L30 ANSWER 7 OF 7 ZCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS 1973:97026 Document No. 78:97026 Stereoselectivity in the reduction of aliphatic alpha -ketols with aluminum hydride reagents. Katzenellenbogen, John A.; Bowlus, Stephen B. (Dep. Chem., Univ. Illinois, Urbana, Ill., USA). J. Org. Chem., 38(4), 627-32 (English) 1973. CODEN: JOCEAH.

Redn. of 6 .alpha.-ketols with different patterns of substitution AB and size of substituents was investigated using 7 Al hydride reagents. The ratio of diastereomeric diols produced was detd. by 220 MHz NMR anal. In each case the predominant diol was the one predicted by Cram's cyclic model. The degree of stereoselectivity correlates well with .alpha.-ketol structure with only 1 reagent (triisobutylaluminum). With the other (agglomerated) reagents, selectivity is related only in an irregular manner to .alpha.-ketol structure. 37164-05-9P

IT

(prepn. and configuration of, NMR in relation to) 37164-04-8 ZCAPLUS

2,3-Pentanediol, 3,4-dimethyl-, (R*,S*)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

RN

CN

RN 37164-05-9 ZCAPLUS 2,3-Pentanediol, 3,4-dimethyl-, (R*,R*)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

Relative stereochemistry.

37164-04-8P 37164-05-9P TT

(prepn. and configuration of, NMR in relation to)